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FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

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A MOTHER'S LOVE.

[By Fannie Spear Young.]

A father looks upon his boy with pride,
With prospect bright, the future lures his joy
And admiration. His intellect he prunes,
And with his own strong arm he leads him up
The rugged hill to manhood—gives to the world
His second self, most noble scion, and then,
In quiet content, he hails the sweeter calm
Of life's adieu.

Disease ere long lay its
Destructive hand upon that boy, and now
The father's pride is languishing before
His eyes. Distraught, he wrings his hands
and calls
For help. But one is by his side whose touch
is gentle, and whose words are balm and cure
For every pain; it is his mother. She,
With patience rare, untiring watch doth keep,
Than stars more true. Vanquished, the foe
doth yield,
And back to life and health she hands her
charge;
This something is of a mother's love.

At length
Dishonor and disgrace are stamped upon
His brow. Oh! where is that doting father? Lo!
Indignant now, he spurns his flesh and blood
And proudly walks the world, alone and
childless.
Behold the father's pride! Forsaken child!
Cast off, neglected, lowest of the low!
Yet not alone is he. His mother's there—
She who pillowed his head upon her breast
In infancy—yes, she who sat beside
His couch in childhood's days when fever
burned
Upon his cheek, and vigils kept when the stars
Had paled upon the morning's sunlit sky—
Thus low her love will follow e'er her child,
To do and dare for him she's ready ever,
Altho' the world deride. Beside him there
(Oh! scene sublime!) she kneels, and in her
prayer
Her darling still he is. His prison bars
She storms and pleads, and crushing back her
pride
She bows herself before his keepers stern,
And there in eloquence his pardon begs.
Why such humility? She is a mother.
He is her child. No duty will she shirk,
Brook no denial. No depths too deep, no
heights
Too high; her love immensity would try.
Distance she'd traverse with intuition
Heaven-born to trace her own. Old ocean
Wafts no lullaby so sweet as mother's words.
The winds no language whisper half so pure.
The brightest flower boasts no fadeless bloom
And yet a mother's love endures forever.
No cruelty or absence or frowning horde
Of ills can break this tie of adamant.
A mother's love is earth's one plant from
heaven.

Longview, Texas.

THE JOINT CANVASS.

And the Correspondence Relating Thereto.

LETTERS OF JUDGE FOWLE, COL. DOCKERY, CHAIRMAN WHITAKER AND CHAIRMAN EAVES.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 4, 1888.

J. B. Eaves, Esq., Chairman State Republican Executive Committee, Raleigh, N. C.

DEAR SIR:—The candidates nominated by the late State Democratic Convention will begin their canvass of the State on or about August 1st, and in accordance with the North Carolina custom I write to say that they are willing to make the usual arrangements as to division of time with the candidates of the Republican party. I suggest that we have a personal conference at an early day for the purpose of agreeing upon and arranging the details of a joint canvass. Hoping to hear from you very soon, I have the honor to be

Your Obedient Servant,
SPIER WHITAKER,
Chairman State Dem. Ex. Com.

Raleigh, N. C., July 7.

Hon. D. G. Fowle, Raleigh, N. C.

DEAR SIR:—I am here for the purpose of arranging a list of appointments for the approaching campaign. I desire a joint canvass. If such an arrangement will be agreeable to you, please notify me of that fact and we will then meet and designate the places and fix the time when the joint discussion shall be had. In this connection, I suggest that Mr. Walker, the Prohibition candidate for Governor, be invited to the conference between us and that he be accorded an equal division of time.

Yours truly,
O. H. DOCKERY.

Raleigh, N. C., July 7, 1888.

Hon. O. H. Dockery:

DEAR SIR:—Your letter of this date expressing a desire for a joint canvass has been received.

I, as well as the other candidates nominated by the late State Democratic convention, have placed myself in the hands of the State Democratic Executive Committee. That committee through its chairman, Spier Whitaker, Esq., has heretofore addressed a letter to the chairman of the State Republican Executive Committee expressing a willingness to make the usual arrangements for a joint canvass with the candidates of the Republican party.

To this letter there has as yet been no reply.

I have no doubt that a communication as to a joint canvass which you or the chairman of the State Republican Executive Committee may see proper to make to the chairman of the State Democratic Executive Committee will receive prompt and due consideration.

Yours truly,
DAN'L G. FOWLE.

Raleigh, N. C., July 7.

Hon. D. G. Fowle:

DEAR SIR:—Yours of this date in reply to mine of this date relating to a joint canvass between us is received.

You seem to have misapprehended the main object I had in view. I did not desire to put myself in communication with the Executive Committee of the Democratic party. My desire was to know if you, personally, were willing to a joint canvass with me regardless of the technical manœuvrings of committees, and I now repeat my invitation to you, personally, for a joint canvass.

Replying to what you say about a correspondence between Mr. Chairman Spier Whitaker and Mr. Chairman Jno. B. Eaves, I know nothing officially, but have seen your list of appointments along with Maj. Finger and Mr. Davidson.

It seems to me that if a joint canvass had really been desired by Mr. Whitaker and yourself that the appointments referred to should have been withheld until the answer of Mr. Eaves had been received.

My desire is to meet you on the stump in joint discussion.

I repeat what I said about Mr. Walker because the people have the right to hear all parties.

Yours truly,
O. H. DOCKERY.

Raleigh, N. C., July 7, 1888.

Hon. O. H. Dockery, Raleigh, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—Your second letter of this date addressed to Hon. Daniel G. Fowle has just been handed to me for reply.

I have heretofore sent to the chairman of the State Republican Executive Committee a written request for a joint canvass between the candidates of the Democratic party and the candidates of the Republican party.

To this request I have received no reply.

But since you seem determined to ignore the Executive Committee of your party, while I have no desire to do so, rather than deprive Judge Fowle and the Democratic party of the pleasure of a joint debate, I now, on their behalf, offer you an equal division of time with Judge Fowle at the appointments heretofore announced by this committee, and shall be extremely happy to agree with you or the chairman of the State Republican Executive Committee for future joint appointments.

The appointments now published were made before your letter of acceptance was made known, but I am at liberty to say that at the time they were made I was authorized by Maj. Finger and Col. Davidson to make any arrangements as to them which would secure to you the fullest and fairest opportunity of joint debate with Judge Fowle, in case you should so desire.

I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servant,
SPIER WHITAKER,
Ch'm State Dem. Ex. Com.

Raleigh, N. C., July 7.

Hon. O. H. Dockery:

DEAR SIR:—Your second letter of this date has been received. After the statement in my first letter that I had placed myself in the hands of the State Democratic Executive Committee I have only to refer you to its chairman. Rest assured it is my desire to have the pleasure of meeting you on the stump.

Yours truly,
DAN'L G. FOWLE.

Raleigh, N. C., June 9, 1888.

Mr. Spier Whitaker, Chairman:

MY DEAR SIR:—Your letter is received and in reply thereto I respectfully refer you to my third letter of this date to Hon. D. G. Fowle.

Yours truly,
O. H. DOCKERY.

Raleigh, N. C., July 9, 1888.

Hon. D. G. Fowle:

DEAR SIR:—I have the letter of Mr. Chairman Whitaker of Saturday last enclosing your reply to my second letter.

I am now satisfied that you, personally, and your committee do not desire a joint debate.

The hasty publication of the appointments heretofore alluded to and your refusal to meet me personally to select places and arrange dates is evidence that your committee are manœuvring to avoid a joint canvass.

Mr. Whitaker is pleased to say: "The appointments now published were made before your letter of acceptance was made known, but I am at liberty to say that at the time they were made I was authorized by Maj. Finger and Col. Davidson to make any arrangements as to them which would secure you the fullest and fairest opportunity of joint debate with Judge Fowle, in case you should desire."

The evident purpose of making these appointments in advance of a joint canvass was to have Messrs. Finger and Davidson on hand after the discussion between Judge Fowle and myself was over to reinforce him and mend his tattered armor by replying to my speech.

It is but fair to you that I should say that owing to the persistent reference of Democratic speakers and newspapers to the special tax bond matters of 1868-'69, I shall be compelled to refer to your connection with these matters. I never say behind a man's back what I would not say before his face, and desire to give you every opportunity to reply.

I shall be absent from Raleigh for several days, and request that you deliver your reply to my friend Mr. T. P. Devereux.

I repeat my proposition that Mr. Walker, the prohibition candidate, be invited to any personal conference that may take place between you and I for the purpose herein indicated.

Yours truly,
O. H. DOCKERY.

Raleigh, N. C., July 9, 1888.

Hon. O. H. Dockery, Raleigh, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—Your letter of this date to me, as well as yours of same date to Hon. Daniel G. Fowle, is before me. It seems that this committee will be compelled to resort to "technical manœuvring" to prevent your dodging a joint canvass with Judge Fowle. Although there is no reason why the appointments made by this committee before your acceptance of the Republican nomination for Governor should be revoked or changed, yet since you are making them an excuse for declining a joint canvass, this committee promises that in any conference which you or the chairman of the Executive Committee of the party, may be persuaded to have with the chairman of this committee as to joint appointments, they shall be treated as not made. And since you are so frightened at the possibility of being replied to by Maj. Finger and Col. Davidson, this committee further promises that if necessary, they shall be put under heavy bonds to remain outside of any county in which you and Judge Fowle may have a joint discussion during the day, or week if you prefer, of the discussion.

There will be no possibility for them or any one else to be on hand "to mend his" ——Judge Fowle's—"tattered armor," but I am inclined to think that you may find an ambulance corps quite convenient.

As to your threat to refer in your speeches to Judge Fowle's so-called connection with "the special tax bond matters of 1868-'69," this committee is authorized by Judge Fowle to say, that you are at liberty to speak of and comment upon his record as a politician, as a lawyer, and as a man; that knowing that record to be clean and beyond suspicion he has no fear of anything you may say, that the truth cannot hurt him and a falsehood will not be believed.

Begging you to meet Judge Fowle at his appointments already announced, or if you do not like them, at appointments to be agreed upon by the two committees or this committee and yourself,

I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servant,
SPIER WHITAKER,
Ch'mn State Dem. Ex. Com.

Raleigh, N. C., July 9, 1888.

Mr. Spier Whitaker, Chairman:

DEAR SIR:—In reply to yours proposing a joint discussion between the Republican and Democratic candidates, I have to reply that as soon as the correspondence on this subject between Col. O. H. Dockery and Hon. D. G. Fowle has been concluded I will then answer your letter.

Yours truly,
J. B. Eaves,
Ch'm'n State Rep. Ex. Com.

He Couldn't Stand It.

[From Lenoir Topic.]

I went to Raleigh as a delegate from Watauga county to the late Republican State convention which met on the 23rd day of May. When I left Watauga county I was convinced that the present system of county Government ought to be changed and that the cry of "nigger" brought against the Republican party was originated by demagogues for political purposes. After attending that convention I was completely changed in my opinions, for I saw with my own eyes negroes jostling their way among the white delegates, acting uproariously and making themselves unduly prominent in the transaction of business. They took complete control of the convention at times, and frequently it was impossible for a white man to get the floor or to obtain a respectful hearing. There were two negro secretaries of the convention, and during a portion of its sittings it had a negro presiding officer. Two of the four delegates to Chicago were negroes. Altogether, there was too much negro in the convention to suit me, and although I have been a Republican, I am a white man and believe in white men ruling North Carolina. I fully appreciated, for the first time, what the people of the East have to contend with in fighting against negro rule and negro insolence and my ideas of county Government have altogether changed. I am in favor of the present system of county Government, I take this opportunity also to state that I do hereby withdraw from the Republican party, which is responsible for any danger there is of foisting negro rule upon North Carolina.

Acting, as I do now, upon principle, and being moved by no desire for personal aggrandizement, I deem it proper to warn the young men of the country who, like me, are actuated by principles, from being carried away by the specious and deceptive sophistry of Republican orators. The welfare of North Carolina, moral, political and material, can only be subserved by the Democratic party of the people. I only wish that every young Republican in the West had done as I did—gone and seen the Republican convention for themselves. They would have reached the same conclusion that I have.

J. P. ROBBINS.

Settlement of Salem.

The town of Salem was laid out in 1765, and was designed as a central station for the Moravian religion in the South. The first house was built in 1766 and is now occupied as a pottery, which business has been carried on successfully and uninterruptedly for 122 years. The second house built is still standing. It was first used for a weavers and saddlers shop. "The Salem water works" were constructed in 1778, they were for a long time the only water works in North Carolina. General Washington visited Salem in 1791 and greatly admired these works and people. It was in the same year that the first paper mill in North Carolina was erected in Salem—it continued in operation until destroyed by fire in 1873. At the present time Salem is in a very flourishing condition. The cotton and wollen mills employing about 200 hands owned by the successfully managed Fries. The largest tobacco box factory in North Carolina owned and managed by Fogle Bro's, employ fifty hands. The only manufacturer of steam mills in North Carolina owned by Mr. Hege, employing fifty hands. The best female college in the South under the ownership and management of the Moravians, four large tobacco factories employing about 600 hands, and many other smaller industries too numerous to mention, in fact everybody has employment in Salem, or is looked upon as a criminal without it.

Every man in the South who has a daughter to educate should let her see Salem and study the habits of its people.

A Good Walker.

[Winston Sentinel.]

David Rigby, the man who carries the mail from Mt. Airy to Fancy Gap, on foot —and barefoot, at that—is a good walker, and receives 62 cents for the 26 miles each day he treads. He not only carries the mail, but frequently takes on freight, such as buggy tires, chairs, &c. His charges are moderate, as it is said that for a nickel he will carry an article of freight a considerable distance. He is so punctual that people say they set their watches by him. Rigby walks with the greatest ease, and never seems tired. He has no use for a horse and buggy. An artist while in Mt. Airy a few days ago took several photos of Rigby.

The *Charlotte Chronicle* of 27th ult. says: Rev. Dr. J. B. Shearer, Vice-Chancelor of the South Western Presbyterian University, Clarksville, Tenn., who was unanimously elected President of Davidson College last week, has accepted the position.

RED SPRINGS.

Crops—Cumberland Mills—The Croatan and their Improvement—Politics—Schools in Old Robeson, &c.

[For the Observer.]

RED SPRINGS, July 7, 1888.

MR. EDITOR:—The crops in this section are promising a fine yield, though they are suffering for rain.

Water melons have been plentiful since July 3rd. Visitors have been coming in within a few days past, and the usual number is expected. Business is quite brisk, owing to the number of mills in operation. About $1,500 in cash is paid to operatives per month, and this amount will probably be increased to $2,500 per month within the next sixty days when the new mills will be at work. The new railroad is being pushed to completion and Robeson can soon boast of five different roads within her borders.

The proprietors of Cumberland Mills gave their operatives a free excursion to this place on July 6th. The party consisted of about 175 persons under charge of Mr. Robbins, the Superintendent. Such excursions are rare and the success of this one is due to the excellent management of Mr. Robbins. Considering the number of persons present the picnic was among the pleasantest ever held at Red Springs. No expense was spared in rendering the excursion a success. Dr. McDougald, the regular physician in the employ of the Company, attended the excursion and introduced one of the citizens, who made a few "scattering remarks" to the audience before dinner. The remark made by a citizen, was well merited, that "this is the most orderly crowd I ever saw. It beats a Sunday school picnic all hollow."

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The 4th was duly celebrated by the Croatans at Prospect Church in this county. This is their 304th anniversary of the arrival of the English on the eastern coast of North Carolina.

The Croatan Normal School Building on line of C. C. Railway is nearly completed. It is built with their own means and will be ready for occupancy in August. The plan of the building is a good one—being 50x30 feet, two stories high, containing 3 recitations rooms on first story and a large assembly hall in the second. The school is already in progress with sixteen students in attendance. Much credit is due to the race for their rapid advancement during the last few years and for the excellent workmanship displayed in their school buildings. The Trustees are sadly in need of funds.

***

The Republican candidate for Vice-President is interested in the Bond cases now pending in the U. S. Supreme Court *vs.* the State of North Carolina. The principal and interest of those bonds will aggregate $20,000,000, and if the State is compelled to pay them, it will afford tax payers another opportunity to reflect how dangerous it is to entrust the Republican party with power. While that party had control of governmental affairs, rascality had been so often practiced that the public mind has ceased to be shocked at the enormity of crime.

It is reported that a prominent Republican politician of Robeson has declared his intention to support Cleveland and Thurman.

***

Several Democratic members of the last General Assembly have been charged with introducing an amendment to the Revenue law to tax lawyers and conveyancers $10 each. This amendment, which passed the House only, was offered by Mr. Felton, the Democratic representative from Dare county. The object of the amendment, we presume, was to prevent outsiders from doing work which belongs to the legal profession. The chief support given the amendment came from the Republican side of the House.

***

In political matters the people of this section are quiet and determined. Col. Dockery will probably spend the dog days canvassing the Black District and will probably reach Robeson in his canvass when cider will be "just right" and then we will have lively times. We predict a large majority for Fowle and Holt in this county.

***

The Floral College buildings have been repaired and the college will be opened this fall under favorable auspices. The Trustees of Lumber Bridge Academy have employed Mr. Monroe, of Monroe, N. C., and we hear of improvements being made in buildings. The Moulton School under Mr. Fuller is in a flourishing condition. The people of Red Springs will hold a meeting on the last Saturday in July to take some steps in establishing a school of high grade. We are glad to note the renewed interest in educational matters.

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The Republicans are certainly unfortunate. How do you think the Chinese gong will sound on the Pacific slope? and how can the tax payers of North Carolina support a man for Vice President who is pressing them in the U. S. Court for millions of money claimed on bonds that the people have repudiated and that our highest State Court has decided to be fraudulent?

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Where was Choffeninghan, the ancient county seat of Cumberland located? †

Southern Enterprises.

[New York Sun.]

Down in the South there is a whirlwind of new industries and potent speculation. No revival—no restoration of commercial strength and prosperity—but the birth spontaneous and tremendous of a new people. No longer the sluggish cultivation of the earth, the hand to mouth acquirement of life's sustenance by the many, and selfish affluence of the few; but a new and tumultuous life, irresistible, self-multiplying, overwhelming. Alabama is like a vast Leadville of activity and excitement, only her foundations are more enduring than the richest mines of gold and silver. Tennessee has caught the infection; Georgia, too, and even sleepy Louisiana has awakened to strange energies and a new and healthy vitality.

There has been shipped from Jonesboro, in the year ending July 1st, 80,000 pounds of tobacco and 2,600 bales of cotton. This is an increase of some 600 bales over the previous year's cotton shipments.

A "SIDEHANNER" REMINISCENCE.

How Ide Jones and His Dog Andy Met the Bears in the Spring of 1826.

"Ide Jones was the coolest raf'man that ever run the Siskyhanner river," said Uncle Abe Parmenter, himself a most famous woodsman, "an' he was the toughest hunter th't ever bored bullet holes in painters an' done a big share to'ards depopulatin' th' b'ar family. I'll tell ye a leetle b'ar story about Ide, an' then ye kin know how to jedge w'at sort o' a man he was.

"Ide's b'ar fight came off on Washington's birth day, 1826. Ide an' his dog went out that day a purpose for b'ar. Th' had been a big blow down of timber the fall before in the neighborhood o' Riar's creek, whar Ide lived, an' pooty much of the hull woods in the deestric' had ben torn up by the roots an' tossed about permis'us. Ide an' Andy struck in fer Riar's creek, an' the fust thing they knowed they rammed slam-bang agin a big windfall. Th' wa'n't no way 'round it, an' so Ide says to Andy th't they'd whale right on through it; but th' nigher they got to the t'other side the furder they seemed to be away, the windfall was so oncommon bad, an' they were gittin' pooty clus on to tuckered out 'fore they got th' best o' it. Arter they got the best o' the down timber they struck another piece of luck right away, for they found an acre er two o' th' pootiest crop o' briers an' brambles ez ever growed, ten foot high, an' twisted itself together like a fish-net. But tha' wa'n't no seech thing ez humpin' it back over th't windfall, an' so Ide and Andy shet their eyes an' pulled ahead fer the open kentry. They had navigated through the smilin' garden o' prickers and stickers fer nigh onter a mild, w'en to add to th' the pleasure o' th' sitiwation, th' dog began to bristle up an' growl. Then Ide know'd th't tha' was bus'ness to be did somewhar tharabouts, an' th't the bu'ness was b'ars, fer Andy never wasted no time bristling up, nor spend his wind in growlin' unless tha' was the smell o' b'ar in th' air, an' th' smell of b'ar never played 'round Andy's noso without him drawin' some on it in.

"Wall, b'ar it was, an' no mistake, fer jist ahead o' Ide and Andy; an' not more'n six foot away, riz up one b'ar bigger'n a yearlin' calf, an' another un 'bout half ez big.

Ide know'd by the way the big b'ar glared an' growled an' gnashed its teeth th't it were a she one, an' th't she had a family o' new cubs tucked away in a log or hole in ground som'rs in adjacent parts, an' th't she had it in her head th't Ide an' Andy was pienickin' in that briar patch jist to steal them cubs, an' th't she was thar to break up th' picnic. Now the matter o' havin' a hip lock or a back holt or a standup an' knock down with a b'ar or two was a trifle th't Ide Jones was allus hankerin' arter, but th' havin' o' it mixed up with down timber, briar bushes an' brambles was a leetle too much o' a pleasant prospect, an' Ide wished he was back hum chewin' gingernuts an' swiggin' cider. But thar he was.

Tha' had to be a fight or a foot race. The course wa'n't laid out fer much o' a foot race, an' so Ide concluded to stay right thar an' tackle b'ar, briars and windfall an' take the chances in the spring.

"Twixt the time th't th' b'ar first gladdened th' eyes o' Ide and Andy an' th' time th't the ol' she one busted through the thick briars at 'em wa'n't mor'n ten secon's, Ide didn't even hav time to club his gun, but w'en the ol' she b'ar clapped her two paws on Ide's two shoulders he hauled off an' pasted her a good plump in the eye, an' the fight was in. Andy tackled the little b'ar an' kep' him from interferin' in th' muss, an' gettin' him on the run, kep' him thar. Ide ripped out his huntin' knife, an' with a slashin' an' a gnashin', a snarlin' and a snappin', a chawin' an' a clawin,' an' rollin' an' a plowin,' while hair an' meat an' dirt an' stone flew in th' air till th' sun was hid, th' b'ar and Ide cavorted 'round in that rich bottom o' brambles and logs for more'n fifteen minutes, fust one on top o' the heap an' then t'other. Then Ide got mad. He found th' top rib o' ol' Mrs. B'ar an' slid his knife clean up to th' handle 'long side o' it, and th' b'ar turned th' soles of her feet to'wards th' firmyment on high, an' her young uns were orphans.

"At 9 o'clock on th' mornin' o' February, 23, 1826, one o' ol' Jim Kenney's boys was goin' down Riar's creek, 'long a path th't wa'nt much travelled in them days, when suddintly he see sumpin' settin' in the path ahead of him th't skeert him crazy. The thing in the path had th' 'pearance o' havin' been a man wunst, but at th't p'tic'lar writin' it mowt' ha' ben took for a hunk o' meat jist escaped from the sassage cutter. Ez soon ez Kinney's boy got his breath he went howlin' back home, an' said he'd seen th' spook o' a chopped-up Injin. Th' boy's pap went down an' found th't the spook was what was left of Ide Jones.

"He was carried to Kinney's cabin, an' three hours arterw'd he come to. Th' spot whar he was found was two mild from whar he'd had th' fight with the b'ar. He had drug hisself, his dog a follerin' an' stayin' by him, all through that down timber an' cross th' creek, to th' path whar Kinney run ag'in him. He had been nearly all th' day afore, all night, an' three hours o' th' next day a-makin' the trip, owin' partly to the bad goin' and partly to th' triflin' fact o' his left arm bein' broke, an' to his collar bone bein' snapped in two twice, an' to his jaw bein' broke, an' to his nose bein' broke, an' to the flesh from his throat to the bottom o' his ribs bein' peeled down ez if it'd ben did with a knife, an' to thar not bein' a spot on him from top to toe th't hadn't been stepped on or chawed by th't onreason'ble bar.

'Ide got on his feet ag'in in course o' time an' put th' slugs inter a good many b'ar fore he were ketched in ol' Times dead fall hisself, but he carried more scars to th' square inch with him to th' grave th'n any other man ever did, whether he was a b'ar hunter or a worker in a sawmill. His folks has got his ol' gun yit, but it's been empty fer many a year; ez empty ez this glass o' mine is, I reckin'."

ED. MOTT.

When it is remembered that there are about 2,000 white persons living here the remarkableness of the following fact will fully appear. It is this: There has not been over four deaths of resident white citizens in High Point for the past five years. By resident citizens we mean persons who have lived in the town and made it their home. Two or three persons who have died here in the time mentioned were not residents of the place.—*High Point Enterprise.*

A HOMILY ON HASTE.

An Argument in Favor of Method in Life's Daily Concerns.

Don't hurry. Barring accident, the person who takes life easily as he may will outlive his rapid and restless yoke-fellow of equal strength of body and mind. If one's own common sense and personal observation do not convince him that a fast pace kills, let him consult the necrologist who keeps a list of deaths and dates. Excessive work is the great man-killer. Greed of fame, thirst for knowledge, rash pursuit of pleasure and reckless disregard of necessary precautions, all carry to early graves a host of victims.

Excessive drinking is one of the worst forms of hurry To say that a rapid drinker leads a fast life is such expressive slang that it has been adopted as one of the polite phrases of the vernacular. A person who is inconsiderate of the quality of his beverages can drink himself under a tombstone with great celerity. There is, perhaps, no form of indulgence in which it is more prudent to go slow, nor any in which the dictate of prudence is more generally disregarded.

Probably no other people in the world are so given to promiscuous pushing and rushing as are Americans. It is of little use to reason with them. Like the good old Presbyterian lady who, when told that through the enduring mercy of God everybody would finally get into Heaven, exclaimed: "Thank goodness, I hope for better things than that!" The true American heeds no comforting dissuasion. He hopes for better things if he run than if he walks, and so he keeps on running. In the same spirit a lady friend of the writer, when in haste to get to any point, always walks in preference to taking a street car because, as she expresses it, she feels that she is getting on faster. In other words, she experiences the sensation of hurrying with who knows what wear and tear to her nerves. We all know the man who jumps off the ferry-boat and runs to the gate as if his life depended on getting there at the earliest possible second, not because he is really in haste, but because it is his habit to hurry at certain times and places, and the ferry-boat is one of those places. Women as a rule are chronic hurriers, they hurry for street cars and railroad trains, only to stand waiting on the corner or at the station; they hurry through whatever household duties they may have to perform, and dwadle after they are finished; the women who have something to do hurry, and those who have nothing to do hurry, in season out of season they bustle, and buzz, and fly about with as much haste as the busiest bumblebee, and to what purpose? The few wise ones who make haste slowly, who have some method about whatever they strive to do gather the most honey, and live longer and better than do the bustling, hustling ones. To be able to do anything quickly is a very good thing—even speeding oneself when anything is to be gained by it is commendable—but habitual scurrying about without reason is to live uncomfortably, and to wear out prematurely. Undue haste and the best and longest life are not compatible.

It is a singular thing that the slower races of other countries landing on those shores soon catch the infection. It is, perhaps, in the air. At any rate, the Irishman, the Englishman, the Gaul, the Scandinavian, even the philosphic and phlegmatic Germans and Dutchmen, put off their deliberation and put on the recklessness of Yankeedom as they become assimilated to our population. The Irishman may be a little quicker about it, and the German a little slower than others but they all fall into the current, and soon manage to keep up with the crowd.

The hurry has put us ahead of the people of other nations in accomplishment, but we do not live so long. There is, perhaps, some danger to our republican institutions as well as to ourselves in sudden and adventurous growth. Swiftly built empires swiftly topple to the ground. Alexander the Great will probably always remain the most remarkable example of fast living among men. He scaled the topmost height of human renown, built up a vast empire and died at the age of 33 years. His empire fell to pieces in less time than it took him to put it together. He furnished to the world a splendid illustration of the vanity of hurry.

It is quite possible that there may be an industrial haste less splendid, less cruel, but quite as unsatisfactory and unenduring as the martial splendor of the Alexandrian empire. The nations that have become suddenly rich have invariably become corrupt. Uncle Sam is getting rich with marvelous rapidity.

Would it not be well to now and then slacken the pace? The summer particularly invite our minds "to leisurely delights and saunterin thoughts."

In June 'tis good to lie beneath a tree
While the blithe season comforts every sense,
Steeps all the brain in rest and heals the heart,
Brimming it o'er with sweetness unaware.

Who is He?

[Rocket.]

A friend informs us that a gentleman told him recently that he knew an old man in Fayetteville, N. C., a good Democrat who had announced his purpose to vote for Col. Dockery because the Colonel was a prohibitionist. "Angels and ministers of grace defend us!" Dockery a prohibitionist! Whence springs the zeal of any Republican who would make it appear that Col. D. favored prohibition, moved by the hope that such impression, lodged in innocent minds, would draw votes to him from the Prohibiton party, or at least draw off from the Democratic party? It is one of the richest things among the humors of the campaign so far, inasmuch as it is a matter of history that Col. Dockery not only wrote a long letter to the Wilmington *Star* against prohibition but, in the campaign of 1881, canvassed portions of the State against it, and actually made bold enough to draw arguments from the Bible in support of his positions.—How could the old gentleman of Fayetteville have become so wofully misiuformed? We would be glad to know.

Congressman Nichols' son, Emmett, having failed to pass the examination for admission to West Point Military Academy Master Lonny Merritt, of Chatham county, whom Mr. Nicholas had appointed as his son's alternate, goes to West Point to try his luck.—*Raleigh Farmer.*

A Highly Successful School.

We clip the following from the annual report of the Principals of Oak Ridge Institute to the Board of Trustees for the year 1888. The wonderful progress and flourishing condition of this celebrated School is well shown by the Report:

We deem it best to put our *resume* of the work of the scholastic year 1887-8 in the form of a report addressed to you to be followed in the future by similar annual reports. You remember, that the scholastic year of 1874-5 closed with less than a dozen students and under very discouraging circumstances. It was then that the school passed to the control of the present management and opened for the fall session with 6 local students occupying the one room then belonging to the school. Thirteen years have elapsed, during which time the growth of the school has been so uniformly rapid as to astonish even those most closely connected with its interests.

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The school has grown from an enrollment of 6 to an enrollment of 219, representing five states, for the past scholastic year; from one teacher, to seven during the past term, from occupying one room in 1875 to the use of nine in 1888. The new building erected within these years is a source of pride to the faculty, the community and the State. It is the finest private school building in the State by all odds. The chapel which seats something near 1,500 is regarded as one of the best auditoriums in the State. The Societies have halls better furnished than most of the colleges North or South, the library, which had no existence in 1875, now has nearly 2,000 volumes of well selected literature and reference books and during the past year has been considerably increased. A commodious reading room has been kept open ten hours each week during the year and has been accessible at other times. In it could be found nearly all the State papers, religious and secular, the leading New York and North Carolina dailies and nearly all the leading magazines. We believe this has been an instrument of much good immediate and prospective.

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We shall continue to use our utmost endeavors to build here the best Academic School in the State. Believing as we do that the greatest need in the State and in the South is real first-class practical High Schools and not second-class Colleges, we shall continue to strive to that end and shall bend our energies to make it more and more the school of the State, in its line.

Our State Ticket Illustrated.

[Special to the News and Observer.]

RED MARBLE GAP, N. C., July 4.

Today quite a large collection of people were present at Camp Robinson, near here, to witness ex-Senator W. C. Troy raise the first Cleveland and Fowle pole west of the Blue Ridge' which was successfully done, and at this writing the tri-colored, red, white and blue banner is waving ninety-two feet from the base. On a cross-bar on top of the pole in a wire cage proudly stands a live rooster, perfectly white and game, emblematic of purity and victory. On the right of the "Fowle" is an owl, emblematic of wisdom, called "Bill Saunders," which is the very personification of that wise and sagacious ruling spirit in the Secretary of State's office. On the left is a Sanderlin, caught in the Hiawassee river. The Sanderlin is very fond of water, and is a great wader. So is our next Auditor fond of water, and he will wade through the strong holds of Radicalism. A beautiful banner with unique and appropriate designs has been painted and will when dry replace the tri-colored banner now waving so beautifully.

In the left lower corner is an iron cage in which our Daniel is seen among the furious and roaring lions, but they dare not touch; he passes out and is seen going up the beautifully graveled walk, leading to the Capitol. On the opposite corner is an iron safe; with doors strongly barred, on which is represented one standing with out-stretched hands, inviting all to falter not in their duty; that here all is "safe" to such as are regenerated in the Democratic faith, but BANEFUL to those who do not wear the proper garment. In the centre somewhat in the background, is the index Finger pointing upward to Mrs. Cleveland as the Goddess of Liberty, waving the red bandana, seated upon a throne, the base of which is resting securely upon the shoulders of Cleveland and Thurman. On the other side is a mountain scene, where in green pastures, grazing, are well-developed, full grown, remarkably knowing-looking, but meek lambs, with a shepherd near by to guide them on to pastures green, higher up the mountain, at the base of which, in the valley a vigorous fight is progressing and a large mastiff has a good "Holt" on a small fice, who is doomed already, and quite willing to give up the fight. E.

Bought by W. K. Vanderbilt.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 3.—Active buying of land around Asheville, N. C., has been attracting attention for several weeks, and it now appears that Wm. K. Vanderbilt, of New York, has bought over a thousand acres just below the city at the confluence of the French Broad and Swananon rivers. The land lies in one tract, which was held by over twenty persons. It is said to be the finest property in western North Carolina. Mr. Vanderbilt has written his agents to say that landscape gardeners will soon come on to prepare the land and that he intends erecting a handsome residence to be ready for occupancy next summer.

Prof. Randall is the man who, a few years ago, started from his home in Burke county afoot to make his way to the State University. He was without money or influential friends, but determined to make an honest effort to obtain an education. He found a friend in Hon. Kemp P. Battle, President of the University, who saw he had pluck and energy. He has improved every opportunity since that time and today he appears as one of the Faculty of the University of South Carolina. We mention this instance for the encouragement of young men who may be hesitating and burying their talents for want of something to turn up. Young man, don't stand and wait, but turn something up yourself. —*Morganton Star.*

The first cotton was raised in the United States in 1921.

OBSERVER.

G. H. HAIGH, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY..............JULY 19, 1888.

THE PARDONING POWER.

In the past few weeks every reader of the Raleigh *News and Observer* must have been struck with the large number of petitions for pardons acted upon by Gov. Scales. The matter, to say the least, is becoming one of serious labor, and we cannot help asking ourselves if it is possi ble for one man to do his full duty, however desirous he may be, when he is so beset. Crime may or may not be on the increase, it is an undecided question, but even if we did not think so, the grand array of applications for pardons would make us incline to the belief that it was. However that may be, we are firmly convinced that the pardoning power invested in one man, is not right, and it would be wise in our next Legislature to create a "Board of Pardons." That such a weighty responsibility may be lifted from the shoulders of the Governor. It is placing too much power in one man. We are led to the above remarks not because we have any fault to find with Gov. Scales; he is an honest, straightforward, conscientious officer, and does his duty to the best of his ability, but with the hope that in the future no Governor may be burdened with such a grave responsibility.

DO YOUR DUTY.

We do not believe that the Democratic party ever entered into a campaign with more zeal or more determination. Cleveland and Fowle clubs are being organized all along the line. Democrats have been led to believe that there was a chance for defeat, and the party is aroused, for they know what to expect if the Republicans again get control of the State Government. The weal or woe of our State depends upon a vigorous fight, united action and a continued warfare to the day of the election, and democrats know it, and are determined that white men shall rule. We want peace, prosperity and plenty, and not such a state of things as exists in Crittenden county, Arkansas, where the negroes outnumber the whites five to one, and where nearly all the legal officials of the county are negroes, and where there is continual turmoil and disturbances, but it is just such a condition of things that will exist if the Republicans get control in our State. We must expect no good to result from it. Experience is a bitter teacher, but it is a good one, and from the experience of 1868 let us learn a lesson and determine that we will stand united together for the good and safety of North Carolina, and elect the Hon. D. G. Fowle, Governor of North Carolina.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

The Congressional Convention held at Greensboro last week after balloting one hundred and sixty-two times, finally nominated Col. Jas. T. Morehead, as their candidate for Congress. Col. Morehead is a wheel horse and if Brower don't have to make his abode at home next year then we are greatly mistaken. Col. Morehead has represented his county in both branches of the Legislature. He is a good speaker, very popular among the people and will make the Fifth a good representative. His competitors were Messrs. J. C. Buxton, of Forsyth, and A. H. A. Williams, of Granville, both gentlemen of decided reputation and earnest, devoted following.

COALITION.

Dockery wants Mr. Walker, the candidate of the Prohibition party to be accorded an equal division of time in the joint canvass. Has Judge Russell's advice, that a coalition be formed, had its effect. The prohibition party is governed by Dr. Benbow, a radical prohibitionist, and to defeat the democratic party he will do all in his power. He knows that every white vote given to the prohibition party is one taken away and from the Democratic vote. Dockery understands this, and for this reason he will favor the move, although his record is as an anti-prohibitionist. He needs watching.

The Democratic outlook is very bright. New York will be sure to give Cleveland full thirty thousand majority, if not more. California on account of Harrisons love of the heathen Chinese, is as safe as possible. In Indiana, the home of Harrison, the Knights of Labor remember his advice to Governor (Blue Jeans) Williams:

"*Were I the Governor, I'd force these men back to work or shoot them down on the spot.*"

And are in hostile array against him.

Senator Sherman is reported to have made two speeches in Cincinnati last week in direct opposition to the platform of the republican party. Two Democratic speeches by Sherman. What will turn up next. He said that the great question was the surplus in the Treasury, and he wanted ways and means (like the Mill's Bill, we suppose) devised to collect only revenue sufficient for an economical administration of our Government. It is an endorsement of the views of our great leader Cleveland—*next.*

Dockery will soon be out against Free Suffrage. He wants a Board of Audit and Finance in each county appointed solely on the recommendation of the *freeholders.* His next proposition will probably be to have the Senate represented by Free-holders. Colored people should take care how they vote for such a man. He is mighty skittish, and he may turn agin you.

The Department of Agriculture at Washington reports for July that the estimate for cotton in North Carolina is 85; corn 88.

THE STUDY OF THE CLASSICS.

We are glad to see that Senator Vance in his Wake Forest speech took the stand he did in regard to the study of the classics. He said "that no man can call himself an educated man who is not familiar with the Greek and Latin literature."

There is nothing more true than the above, but there is a growing sentiment to the contrary, or that they are not essential. The study of the classics are by a large number held to be of small importance, and it is strange that so many hold this opinion when they are anxious that their children should receive a thorough education and be prepared in all particulars to compete with the best. The question of the day is how to educate to enable one to make the most money—to be pecuniarily successful, to accumulate large fortunes is now of more importance than scholarly attainments.

We should have higher aims than mere money making, the higher the education, the more refined are man's tastes, his habits are thereby improved and his enjoyment of life, of nature and its abundant gifts more keenly appreciated. The grand aim of education has for its object the elevation of man, and the study of the classics makes him familiar with the thoughts, acts, &c., of men of the past, Cicero with his wise councils, Demosthenes the orator, Horace the poet, and numerous others are worthy of the study of all—these men who lived before us gave character to their own time, and the lessons taught by them are still living. Greece, with her immortal Homer, is the mother of language, and the learned counsels of the Romans give to us that which cannot be found elsewhere. It is in the past that a foundation was laid, and it is from it we get our best and grandest thoughts.

And to undervalue the ancient classics is vain indeed. There are imperfections in them as in all things, but their reputation is established upon a solid foundation. In poetry Homer and Virgil, in oratory Cicero and Demosthenes, in history Herodítus, Thucydides, Livy and Sallust—in fact in all that tends to a correct, graceful and elegant simplicity in style these are unrivalled—and if we desire to form a correct taste and nourish their genius, we must study them. Nevertheless there are those who would discard them entirely, as not essential to the present period. It is true that in the arts and sciences we are far ahead. In natural philosophy, astronomy, chemistry and other sciences our own works are sufficient, but of these we are not speaking, and perhaps it is for this reason that it is not uncommon to hear educated men say that the study of Greek is unnecessary.

In this money making age, when man's whole soul is devoted to obtaining only lucre, it may be so, but in this as in many other respects we are departing from the counsel of our fathers.

Money is good, very good to have, but while good, useful and necessary, it has not the tendency to raise the moral nature of man, on the contrary, every age which has had it for its sole object has been fraught with disaster. Education, a higher education of our people should be our first and foremost thought, and it is by a thorough study of the classics that a foundation is laid upon which the future greatness of mankind is built. The better, the higher the education, the greater the pride we will take in our citizens—the stronger the love of country, and our's being a free government, where the highest office is in the reach of its lowest born citizen, should be a special plea for our encouraging and fostering our best and noblest institutions of learning, that who ever reaches the goal in life's journey should do so for the merit that is in him. Otherwise our place among nations will eventually fall far below our desires and the welfare of the country be subjected to serious peril.

"Our State ticket illustrated," is the heading of a letter in to-day's issue from over the mountains, in which the Hon. W. C. Troy, once the moving spirit among democrats in this county, figures. His democracy is unflagging, and wherever he goes he will do his full duty in the democratic cause. Cumberland misses his active, vigorous work, but he will make up over the Ridge for whatever is lost here. Troy is never more at home than when battling for the true principles of democracy.

In the sketch of the life of General Harrison in the Raleigh *Signal* will be found the following:

"One of his characteristics is a peculiar one for a public man. He does not care to shake hands, and he has such a poor memory for names and faces that it is said that prominent men in his own State have been introduced to him three times in one day."

He won't do for the White House, and he had just as well make up his mind *to stay* at home.

In being so very particular, so over-anxious about Mr. Walker, does Col. Dockery expect to aid the prohibition party or the prohibition party to help him. Dockery always looks to the interest of Dockery. He will manage his own campaign.

Dockery thinks the coalition advice of Judge Russell is sensible. Let him reflect and he will follow his advice and example and retire, or else in November he will wish he had.

Judge Fowle is anxious for a joint canvass. Dockery is dodging it. He will make it appear if possible that it is the very thing he desires, but the people know Dockery and his tricks.

If Dockery refuses a joint canvass with Judge Fowle, then white men should ignore him. Not one should turn out to hear him.

GRAND DEMOCRATIC RATIFICATION MEETING.

It was Fayetteville's turn on Monday night to ratify, and an immense crowd of ladies and gentlemen assembled under the blazing electric light at the Cumberland House to do honor to our distinguished nominees. Judge Fowle, Major Finger and the Rev. Mr. Sanderlin, arrived by Wilson train at 8 o'clock, and were met by a committee appointed for that purpose, who were followed by many of the young men's democratic club, to welcome these distinguished speakers. At nine o'clock the Young Men's Democratic Club, with their white beavers and red bandanna's, assembled at the Market and marched in procession to the music of the band, to the La Fayette Hotel to escort the speakers to the stand that had been erected in the beautiful grove near the Cumberland Hotel. The cheers that greeted these distinguished speakers made the welkin ring. The meeting was called to order by R. S. Huske, Esq., chairman of the County Executive Committee. Mr. Huske assigned the honor of introducing Judge Fowle to T. H. Sutton, Esq., who in a few brief but pointed words introduced to the audience the gentleman, whom he said, when in 1867 he occupied the position of Judge, had in the Court House in Fayetteville, when the military rule dominated over North Carolina, had said in regard to a case then pending, that the military shall be subordinate to the civil authority, this gentleman is here to-night, the Hon. D. G. Fowle, the next Governor of North Carolina.

Judge Fowle, on taking the stand received a grand ovation. He thanked the large assembly for this hearty reception, and said that he loved the people of North Carolina, and that he had special reason for honoring the people of the good old county of Cumberland, for it was from one of its much loved and distinguished sons he had in his early youth taken his model; a man dear not only to Cumberland and the State of North Carolina, but to the whole country, the Hon. James C. Dobbin, and still further on as he grew up to manhood he had, taken as his guide, another of Cumberland sons, the pure and noble man, Jesse G. Shepherd, could I forget these, or could I forget that this is the land of Flora McDonald, whose name is memorable not only to Fayetteville but to North Carolina.

Judge Fowle then in speaking of the St. Louis Convention said, I congratulate you and every lover of constitutional freedom for their wise decision in nominating the noblest man in the Union, Grover Cleveland; he alluded in glowing terms to his noble wife. He also congratulated the people for the second on the ticket, that noble old Roman, that staunchest of Democrats, that lover of the South, Allen G. Thurman. He spoke in glowing terms of the acts of the Democratic party, whose banner when furled to the breeze always aroused the noblest impulses of the heart of every true patriot. He spoke of the glorious deeds of Carolina's favorite son and statesman Z. B. Vance, of the grand victory achieved in 1880 and 1884 by Jarvis and Scales, paying a high tribute to their devotion to the true Democratic principles, and that when the battle of 1888 had been fought that it would prove that a tidal wave has swept away the last remnant of the republican party, which has now the effrontry to ask the support of a people it has degraded and robbed, and that if it continued in power, freedom and liberty would live only in name. He spoke of the dark days of 1868, when freedom of speech was denied, and denied that the republicans were the friends of the laboring man, but instead of this they were the friends of the monied corporations. What a pleasure it is to turn from the records of this party to those of the grand old democratic party, to whom all the great successes of our country are due. He spoke of the acts of these republicans in giving away the public lands, the property of the people, to railroad corporations, 100,000,000 of which had been restored by the act of our noble President, who also with one stroke of the pen saved $40,000,000 in vetoing the Dependent Pension Bill, every cent of which would have gone into the pockets of Northern people. The President had by this act saved the State of North Carolina $1,000,000. He believed with four more years of Democratic rule sectionalism would be dead, for as he said, history never goes back on itself.

Judge Fowle then finished his speech with an eloquent appeal to the Democracy to stand together, so that on November next there would be a glorious triumph for constitutional government and pure Democracy.

After a piece by the band Mr. H. McD. Robinson, Superintendent of our County Schools, introduced Maj. S. M. Finger, as a man who had done more for the cause of education than any man in North Carolina.

Maj. Finger appealed to the young men, it was through their efforts that we would elect our ticket. He then directed his remarks to the great and most important question, the Tariff, and spurned the charge of Free Trade. He said there was now piled up in the Treasury $150,000,000 caused by this unjust and oppressive measure. He spoke of the St. Louis Convention, as like the meeting to-night, a grand ratification meeting, to endorse the will of the people. That the people had nominated both Cleveland and Thurman before the convention met. He ridiculed the Chicago platform as a mess of inconsistencies, promising to do what they never had dreamed would be fulfilled and condemning their own acts. He spoke of Dockery's proposition in regard to County Government, and his suggestion for a Board of Finance, as a piece of folly. That the color line was not the act of Democrats, but of the colored people, who forced it by their Union League. Maj. Finger's speech was a practical one, full of good sense.

Mr. Duncan E. McIver of Moore, then introduced to the meeting the Rev. Geo. W. Sanderlin, whom he said he had opposed at the Convention, nor was he then a Fowle supporter, but to-day there is no stronger Fowle or Sanderlin man in North Carolina. He told what this noble farmer had done in rice culture, and how North Carolina had profited by it—that he had caused 600,000 bushels of rice to be added to her products.

Rev. G. W. Sanderlin then arose. He paid a high tribute to the worth and intellectual capacity of Mr. McIver, who like him was of true Scottish descent. His speech was far past the pencil of a reporter to sketch, it was a true rallying talk. He spoke of these ratification meetings as like the beacon fires made by the Scottish clans to call them together, and that wherever he had gone or wherever he had heard from, the fires were beginning to burn and the clans of the Democratic young men were marching abreast, that it was to them, the young men the party looked, it was to them the duty had been assigned, who in the call to war had never faltered—that he was asked how it was that the young men's democratic club took in the old men. He was surprised that the people did not know that the democratic party held to principles that contained the germ of perpetual youth—and that whoever imbibed these principles was never too old to join the young men's democratic clubs.

He paid a high compliment to Judge Fowle, and asked the young men's democratic club and all democrats to remember what was the desire of the old farmer who set 120 eggs under his turkey hen, that she might spread herself—and he wanted the young men to do likewise, spread themselves.

Mr. Sanderlin, if he is a farmer, is a noble one, and possesses just the requisites to please the people. He is one of the most pleasant, attractive speakers we have heard, and his canvass will be productive of much good. He was applauded from beginning to end, and when he closed there was the same cry from all, "go on," "go on."

Mr. H. L. Cook, President of the Young Men's Democratic Club then introduced Mr. C. C. Daniels, of the Wilson *Advance*, who entertained the audience for only a few moments on our duty in the campaign.

The Chairman, Mr. R. S. Huske, then declared the meeting adjourned.

The meeting was a large one, Harnett, Wayne, Chatham, Moore, Robeson and other counties were represented in it.

FOWLE AND DOCKERY—JOINT CANVASS.

On the first page of to-day's issue we give the correspondence between Fowle, Dockery, Chairman Whitaker and Chairman Eaves. We do so that every one may read for himself and come to the only conclusion possible, that Dockery is trying to evade the issue. He wants to run the canvass to suit himself—he is not in the hands of the Republican managers. He wants to play a sort of independent game to catch votes. He will do to watch.

NO MORE DODGING.

In the absence of Chairman Whitaker, Judge Fowle has addressed a letter to Col. Dockery, inviting him to meet him at the Yarboro House, on Wednesday or Thursday (to-day) to agree on joint appointments or discussions. Judge Fowle says: "No appointments heretofore made shall stand in the way of a joint canvass between us." So Col. Dockery must face the music.

The Encampment.

[Review.]

There are 28 companies in the State, all but one of which are uniformed, and it is expected that they will all attend the Encampment.

Promptly on Wednesday morning, at sunrise, the flag will be run up and from that moment the encampment will be officially formed.

Governor Scales will come down on Monday, the 23rd, will visit the encampment on Tuesday, the 24th, and will review the troops on Wednesday, the 25th at Wrightsville.

On the evening of Tuesday, 24th, the troops will be brought to the city of Wilmington and will parade through our principal thoroughfares.

Captain Carl A. Woodruff, of the Second Artillery, United States Army, now stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, has been detailed by the United States War Department, by order of General Sheridan, to be present at the encampment for the purpose of making observations. Captain Woodruff has arrived in Raleigh and will be here on Monday. He will have his tent and will remain in camp with the troops.

The Tariff Made Plain.

[Chatham Record.]

A large party of North Carolina teachers recently went on an excursion to Niagra Falls and while there the practical operations of our unjust tariff laws were forcibly explained to them, as will be seen from the following extract from a letter to the *News and Observer* written by Mr. Eugene Harrell:

"One of the most enjoyable portions of the trip was crossing the suspension bridge into Canada, for then came the peculiar sensation of the first visit to a foreign country. Many little souvenirs were purchased in Canada, costing a mere trifle, but the purchase gave the teachers an opportunity of understanding somewhat the features of 'free trade' and 'protection,' for on returning across the bridge into the United States our watchful officials promptly proceeded to collect 'duty' on all the 'foreign purchases,' greatly to the surprise of the purchasers. On some articles which were bought for fifty cents was charged a customs tax of THIRTY FIVE CENTS. It was concluded that the first lesson in the intricacies of 'protection' was expensive in much greater proportion than its value.

Guilford Democracy is evidently on a boom. Go where you will and the prevailing sentiment is a return to Democratic rule, for Democratic clubs are being formed in various parts of the country.—*Greensboro Patriot.*

THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

Chairman Barnum's Announcement of the Campaign Committee.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The following announcement was handed to the United Press by Chairman Barnum at o'clock to-night:

"In accordance with the resolution of the Democratic Committee, adopted June 26th, 1888, empowering the chairman to appoint a campaign committee, I have this day appointed the following as such committee: Wm. L. Scott, of Pennsylvania; Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland; Matt W. Ransom, of North Carolina; Calvin S. Brice, of Ohio; John S. Barbour, of Virginia; Hermann Olbrichs, of New York; Miles Ross, of New Jersey; Arthur Sewall, of Maine; Ersnene M. Phelps, of Illinois.

(Signed) WM. H. BARNUM
Chairman National Dem. Com.

STATE NEWS.

Newberne gave our candidates a superb ovation.

A terrible railroad accident occurred last Thursday on the Virginia Midland, by which eight persons were killed and forty wounded.

A Special from Washington, N. C., dated 16th, says Potts has taken poison again. It was not known what the result would be.

A negro was lynched in Asheville on Monday night for committing a violent assault on a respectable white girl, only 13 years of age.

A grandchild six years old, of Mrs. E. F. Meller, of this place, arrived here safely on Wednesday of last week, having travelled alone from Kansas.—*Salem Press.*

To the Democrats of the Respective Townships of Cumberland.

In the interest of the cause of the party to which we belong, I urge upon you that you meet as early as may seem practicable, at your respective polling places, and elsewhere, if it seem advisable to any considerable number, and organize Campaign Clubs, and report the names of your Officers and the Executive Committee forthwith to me.

I am yours, R. S. HUSKE.
Ch'n Dem. Ex. Com.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, Fayetteville, N. C.

Worth its Weight in Gold.

If you feel depressed, your appetite is poor and are troubled with Dizziness of the head, Billiousness or Dyspepsia, Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator will cure you. Trial size bottles free.

A well known physician in New York advises all his patients that suffer with Coughs and Colds to use Puritan Cough and Consumption Cure. At Pemberton & Prior's Drug Store.

Life's Mistakes

Somebody has condensed the mistakes of life and arrived at the conclusion, that there are fourteen of them, the greatest of all mistakes is to allow a simple Cough or Cold to take its course which always ends in death; check it in time and save life by use of Puritan Cough and Consumption Cure. Price 25 cents. At Pemberton & Prior's Drug Store.

Brace Up.

You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor, you are bothered with headache, you are fidgetty, nervous, and generally out of *sorts*, and want to *brace* up. Brace up, but not with stimulants, spring medicines, or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap, bad whiskey, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alterative that will purify your blood, start healthy action of Liver and Kidneys, restore your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters, and only 50 cents a bottle at B. E Sedberry's Drug Store.

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store as the giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and all throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free. Large size $1. Every bottle warranted.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and Wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give you immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1. For sale at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store.

YOU CAN GET

A beautiful Register (illustrated) of OAK RIDGE INSTITUTE and BUSINESS COLLEGE telling all about that celebrated school.

FREE!

You should do this if you contemplate patronizing any school next year. Prepares for

TEACHING, for BUSINESS, or for COLLEGE.

Two hundred and nineteen Students last year. This School is finely located in the Piedmont region of North Carolina (near Greensboro), where good board can be had low. It has splendid buildings, fine study halls, and elegantly furnished Society Halls, beautiful Chapel, and is completely equipped. One of the few first-class High Schools in the South.

Address J. A. & M. H. HOLT,
july 12 2t Oak Ridge, N. C.

FOR SALE.

A JERSEY BULL CALF, 8 months old, well grown and handsome, with fine points. Will sell cheap for cash or exchange for cow.

G. P. McNEILL.
July 12, 1888. 2t

ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

COST FOR $5,000:

Membership Fee *(paid but once)*	$5.00
Assessment every two months	2.00
Annual Dues	1.00

BENEFITS:

Death from Accidental Causes	$5,000
Loss of both hands or feet	5,000
Loss of one hand and one foot	5,000
Loss of one hand or foot	2,500
Loss of both eyes	2,500
Loss of one eye	650
Permanent total disability	1,250
Weekly Indemnity	25

Weekly indemnity is payable until disability is removed, for a space of time not to exceed one year. Insured protected at home and abroad at all times and in all places.

july 5 1m H. I. McDUFFIE, Agent.

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Plained Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS HARDWARE.

Estimates given. Orders solicited from abroad
Address WALTER WATSON,
apl 7-tf Fayetteville, N. C.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHAT SELLS.

Any article of genuine merit ought to sell, some place B. B. B. against the world. We present below a remarkable showing from an obscure section, not traversed by railroads, which carries its own conviction. It is the same way wherever B. B. B. has been introduced and given a trial with other remedies:

A REMARKABLE SHOWING FOR B. B. B. AGAINST OTHER REMEDIES.

PUTNAM CO., April 29, 1887.

I have been suffering for most thirty years with an itching and burning all over my face and body. I took eighteen bottles of one blood medicine and it did me no good. I commenced last January to use B. B. B., and after using five bottles I felt better and stouter than I have in thirty years, my health being better and I weigh more than I ever did. The itching has nearly ceased, and I am confident that a few more bottles of B. B. B. will cure me entirely. I am sixty-two years old and can now do a good day's work in my field. I consider it the best medicine I have ever seen, for it certainly did me more good than all the medicine I have ever taken. I had, in all, nearly a hundred risings on my face, neck and body.

JAMES PINKERTON.

TWO BOTTLES CURE RHEUMATISM.

BOUGHTON, ARK., June 4, 1887.

I cheerfully state the following facts in regard to the use of your medicine in my family. My little son, 14 years of age, suffered from an acute attack of rheumatism, caused by undue exposure and chilling of the blood. I heard your remedy highly recommended, and purchased one bottle of Moncrief & Bro., Frescott, Ark. In about one month, after using this bottle, he became so much better that I got the second bottle which is now being used, and my son is nearly well, and I think by removing him to a cooler summer climate (which I will do) and continuing its use, a perfect cure will be effected. I consider B. B. B. a most excellent blood purifier.

CHAS H. TITUS,
R. R. Agt., Boughton, Ark.

A BOOK OF WONDERS, FREE.

All who desire full information about the cause and cure of Blood Poisons, Scrofula and Scrofulous Swellings, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, Catarrh, etc., can secure by mail, free, a copy of our 32-page Illustrated Book of Wonders, filled with the most wonderful and startling proof ever before known.

Address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta Ga.
For sale by B. E. SEDBERRY,
Fayetteville, N. C.
april 5 1y

Greensboro Female College,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

THE SIXTY SEVENTH SESSION OF THIS prosperous Institution begins on the 22nd of AUGUST, 1888.

Superior advantages offered in all the departments of learning usually taught in Female Colleges of high grade.

Instruction given in Type-writing and Stenography also.

Terms moderate.

For Catalogue apply to T. M JONES, President.

June 28, 1888. 2m

Air Ground Bone.

Carefully Selected Animal Bone, air ground, into a perfect powder by Cyclone Mill. The Finest and Best Bone ever made. Invaluable for Flowers, Vines, Fruit Trees and Lawns. A Poultry Food and Corrective for Cattle.

Five pound package for half a dollar.
Ten pound package for one dollar.
Delivered anywhere in North Carolina.
Send orders and money to
COLIN M. HAWKINS & CO.
july 5 tf Raleigh, N. C.

J. A. MONROE, A. M.,

Late of Monroe High School,

Will open in AUGUST the High School at Lumber Bridge, N. C., in which he proposes to offer Literary and Musical Tuition equal to any in North Carolina. Be sure to send for circular to

J. A. MONROE, Monroe, N. C.
july 5 tf or A. L. SHAW, Lumber Bridge, N. C.

We Have Just Received

FOR THE

4th OF JULY TRADE,

A NICE LOT OF

FANCY ASSORTED CAKES,

CRACKERS,

NIC-NACS, &c.

FINE CANDIES,

MIXTURES AND PLAIN STICK CANDIES OF ALL FLAVORS.

These goods were bought to be *sold*, and we propose to *sell* them.

If low prices and good quality are appreciated at all, they will move quickly.

Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobacco,

LEMONS, FIRE-CRACKERS, &c.

We call your especial attention to the above, hoping to secure an order from you immediately.

Very truly,

A. S. HUSKE & CO.

June 28, 1888.

Sheriff's Sale.

On Monday, the 23rd day of July, A. D. 1888, I will sell at the Court House door in the town of Fayetteville, to the highest bidder for Cash, these tracts of Land in Cumberland County:

All the interest of J. M. Smith, Jr., in the following three lots of land, viz:

1st. The W. D. Smith Place, about two miles west of Fayetteville, on both sides of the F. & W. Plank Road, containing about 25 acres, in several different tracts, being the place whereon W. D. Smith now resides.

2nd. The Martine Place, adjoining the above, on the east, and containing about 150 acres

3rd. About 21 acres west of the W. D. Smith Place, and known as the Lawrence tract.

And the interest of W. D Smith in the second and third tracts above-mentioned, viz: The Martine Place and the Lawrence tract, to satisfy executions in my hands for collection against W. D. Smith and J. M. Smith, Jr., and which has been levied on said land as the property of said W. D. Smith and J. M. Smith, Jr.

H. C. FISHER, Sheriff.
June 21, 1888. ts

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW FURNITURE STORE.

I have just opened a Furniture Store

In the McMillan Building,

G. A. Thomson's old headquarters, where have in stock and to arrive

Parlor and Bedroom Suits,

Side-Boards, Bureaus, Washstands,

Fine Hair, Moss, Pine Fiber and other Mattresses, Bed-Springs, Cots, Lounges, Sofas, Chairs of all kinds.

I PROPOSE TO KEEP EVERYTHING

kept in a first-class Furniture Store. These goods are bought for cash and to sell. Call and see me and if I can't convince you that

It is to Your Interest to Buy From Me,

I shall not expect to sell you.

W. J. TOLAR,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
May 31, 1888. tf

DAVIS SCHOOL.



Military Boarding School

FOR BOYS and YOUNG MEN.

Full preparation for any College or for Business. Healthy location; fine climate; mild winters; excellent buildings; Cadet Cornet Band; Cadet Orchestra; Resident Surgeon. *No Charge for Medical Attention. No Extra Charge for Languages or Sciences.* Department of Art. Full Course In Telegraphy. VERY LOW RATES. For Register with full particulars address

COL. A. C. DAVIS, Supt.,
LA GRANGE, N. C.
July 12, 1888. 5t

Tablets! Tablets! Tablets!

AN UNUSUALLY LARGE AND VARIED STOCK OF

TABLETS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, SIZE AND QUALITY, AT ANY PRICE.

Call and see them at

Pemberton's New Bookstore.

"H. H. H."

We wish to purchase as rapidly as they can be furnished to us

300,000

Three Hundred Thousand

SHINGLES

JUNIPER PREFERRED.

We want

200,000 packed 50 in a bundle

and 100,000 packed 100 to 200 to the bundle.

We will pay market price for them.

In order to hasten the delivery of this lot we make the following offer:

We will furnish a ticket with every 500 shingles sold us by the makers. These tickets will be numbered, running from No. 1 to No. 600.

Out of this number we have had three (3) numbers selected, which are unknown to us. The first of these will draw $5.00 (five dollars), the second $3.00 (three dollars) and the third will draw $1.00 (one dollar.)

The holders of these tickets will be paid the amounts named in cash as soon as the last ticket is given away.

Huske's Hardware House

B. R. HUSKE & CO.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 10 Green Street (Observer Building.)

THURSDAY.....JULY 19, 1888.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year (in advance).....$2 00
Six months (in advance).....1 00

☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOS. L. GIBSON—Attention.
McMILLAN BROS.—Cane Mills, &c.
K. LEWALD—Dry Goods, Clothing, &c.
HENRY COLLINS—A Card to the Public.
JOHN D. DAVIS—Railroad Stock for Sale.
PEMBERTON & PRIOR—Fresh Turnip Seed.
JOHN C. HAIGH, JR., CASHIER—Statement.
HON. KEMP P. BATTLE—University of N. C.

Our Business Exchange should give the matter of building a Compress their serious attention. It would induce more cotton here.

We call attention to an extract from the report of Oak Ridge School conducted by Messrs. J. A. and M. H. Holt. Its career has been one of marked success. See advertisement also in this issue.

The Executive Committee have decided to hold the next fair of the Cumberland Agricultural Society on the 14th, 15th and 16th of November. We want every man, woman and child in Cumberland to contribute to make it the Fair of the State.

The number of steam saw mills along the C. F. & Y. V. is steadily on the increase, quite a number south of Fayetteville are being built, and Mr. C. W. Huske is just completed and has in full operation one near Manchester complete with all the latest improvements.

From our Red Springs letter we learn that Mr. O. A. Robbins, the manager of Cumberland Mills (formerly Beaver Creek) gave his hands a free ride to Red Springs on July 6th. Such attentions (although it may lose a day) will in the end well repay the manager. It was a benefit all around.

In walking out to see the new cotton mill we were struck with the fine appearance of William Williams cotton field. It is beautifully green, of an even height and seems well grown. We learn that others over Haymount have fine crops, and if these be samples of what our county produces we may look for fine results.

Mr. G. H. Hall showed us on Saturday a plank from his new planer (which he has just got into operation,) it was a beautiful piece of the short leaf pine, resembling the rosemary curled pine. Such lumber is equal to the white northern pine, and for ceiling or inside work for dwellings when oiled and varnished, it has no superior. There is not any large amount of this lumber, but what there is, is very valuable.

Our energetic and enterprising brick maker, Mr. E. A. Poe is now shipping large quantities of brick to build the new factory at Hope Mills. These brick are pressed, are of fine finish, and nearly, if not quite equal to the celebrated Philadelphia brick. Mr. Poe is a hard worker, and his orders this season have kept him busily engaged. Brick made at his yard are the best ever made in this place.

The Business Exchange has appointed Mr. Andrew Broadfoot, brother of Col. C. W. and Capt. J. B. Broadfoot, cotton weigher and sampler for the Cotton Exchange. Mr. B. has for years been living in Raleigh with a large cotton buyer, and he is particularly qualified for the position. The Exchange has done a good thing, We wish we had other places to fill so that more of our boys might be attracted back to their homes again.

Mr. H. C. Davis has just finished three beautiful, well-built boats, to be placed in McNeill's pond—this makes eight. Already three neat looking boat houses adorn the banks. It is a wonder that this pond has not been more generally utilized by the young people, but the pond is not large or long enough for an exciting race. It would be a good idea to have the races on that beautiful lake, Mallett's pond—but as we before remarked, we are glad to see this new life given to this beautiful spot, and if the company carry out their determination to improve and beautify the basin above McNeill's Mill it will add greatly to it. A ten-pin alley would be a good thing to put there, and this with other improvements would make it one of the attractive places of the town.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—The Executive Committee of Rockfish Township is composed of the following: John C. Culbreth, Richard M. Johnson, W. J. Buie, John Roslin Smith and A. J. Brannon. The Chairman is A. J. Brannon.

THE BOAT RACE.—Business prevented our witnessing the boat race on Monday evening, but we understand that it was an exciting one. Three boats entered; the Arrow, Blue Bell, and Elderdown. The Elderdown, which was steered by Frank Thornton, Jr., gained the prize. Try Mallett's pond next, and let's have a long chase.

ECLIPSE OF THE MOON.—The Lunar Eclipse which occurs on Sunday night next the 22rd of this month, will be invested with much greater interest than the one which occurred on the night of the 28th of January last. The diameter of the moon, darkening its surface almost totally. The moon is full on the 23rd. It will enter the shadow a little before 11 o'clock at night, and will leave it shortly after 2.35 o'clock on the morning of the 23rd. The total eclipse will take place about midnight when the moon will be higher in the heavens, and will be visible in this section.

PATRONIZE HOME.—During the past week we have been struck with the large number of "Clematis," a beautiful vine that produces an abundance of exquisite flowers, that have been sold in this place by a travelling salesmen, and we enquired of our florist, Mr. Lamb, if he could not supply them. He replied, that he could do so easily, and at a cheaper rate. But the tendency is not to buy at home even on a credit, provided an unknown party offers you for cash the same article, a little embelished by his tongue. Year's ago, when we were in the book business, a Bible agent canvassed this town and the surrounding country, and sold hundreds of bibles at $15, which we could sell with profit for $7.50. Why is it that we do such things; we are poor enough, and should buy as cheaply as we can, and keep at home all the money we can, but the contrary is the case. We wake up to the foolish act after it is committed, when too late to remedy, but in the future why not resolve to patronize home, find out when a stranger offers you anything if you cannot procure it as cheap at home, or if you pay a fraction more buy it at home, for it will in the end benefit you more. *Verbum sap.*

A NEW KIND OF COTTON.—We received last week a letter from Dr. John McCormick containing a few leaves and the silk of a new variety of cotton, which he wished us to place in the hands of a botanist for examination. The leaves sent are entirely different from either cotton or okra, and the Dr. thinks that it is a cross between the Traveler's silk weed and cotton. The lint which was taken from a boll of this year's growth, was shown to several parties who pronounced it something wonderful, far superior to our ordinary cotton. The Doctor says, that last year, a little daughter of Mr. Smith in shopping out the cotton was attracted to it by the peculiarity of its leaf, and called her father's attention to it. He being impressed with it, cultivated it and has this year 64 stalks from the original plant. It is claimed that it is equally as productive as the ordinary cotton, is much earlier in opening and that the silken texture of the lint is far superior. The sample sent us will sustain fully the beauty and silky appearance of the lint, and we are led to believe that Mr. Smith has found a bonanza—but we must wait for the gathering of the crop before a full and fair decision can be made. We would be glad to hear further from it.

THE FAYETTEVILLE COTTON MILLS.—This enterprise of a few of our leading citizens is rapidly approaching completion, and we learn that the Superintendent, who is also a stockholder, has been sent for, and that he with the President, Mr. John P. Thomson, will soon start North for the purchase of machinery. So we may say that by the time new cotton commences to arrive, that the mill will be ready to hum. This enterprise deserves the good will of all; it is, we hope, but the beginning of what may be. Fayetteville needs just such industries, and the more we have the greater the population and business of the place. Let us start more of them. Do not let us stop here. The mill is a handsome, substantial structure, and reflects credit upon the stockholders and contractors.

HANGINGS THIS MONTH.—Stephen Freeman was hanged at Wilmington on the 11th, he protested that he was innocent to the last. W. A. Potts, (white) the murderer of Paul Linke, who was to have been hanged, attempted suicide and was respited till Tuesday 17th. James Byers, of Wilkesboro, (white) was executed on the 12th. To-day William Houston (col.) is to be hanged at Winston, and some time this month four negroes, York Gibson, John Justice, Dave Simmons and Henry Battle, convicted of rape, will suffer the extreme penalty of the law unless Gov. Scales interferes. Surely it is a remarkable month for hangings. Is crime on the increase?

WHAT WE WANT.—We want small industries of all kinds. Among them, a tannery, a bucket factory, a furniture, spoke and rim, canning and other factories. A paper mill would not hurt. Any or all of these would help our town. But in this particular locality it strikes us that a large planeing establishment to plane all the lumber from the mills around us, would be just the thing.

The entire inside of the Court House has been recently treated to a coat of whitewash and the general appearance of the Court room has been much improved. Sheriff Fisher has been making all things ready for the opening of the Court. It would have added much to have had the railings, the judge's bench and other parts of the room thoroughly painted.

Last week we advised the building of a cottage at the cemetery to protect visitors from a sudden shower. Now we would suggest the erection of pumps at convenient distances for the convenience of ladies who desire to keep the shrubbery and flowers around the graves green. It would be a great convenience to a number of ladies, and enable them to keep the graves green in the driest weather.

Mr. E. B. Phillips, of Wilson county has been elected principal of Woodland male and female academy, near Cedar Creek. This school is managed by Messrs. Fisher, V. H. McDonald, Rev. E. J. Edwards and others, who have recently joined together to have a first class school at Cedar Creek. Mr. Phillips gained quite a reputation as a teacher of Sherwood High School, and comes highly recommended.

Mr. Frank Thornton, the proprietor of Fayetteville's live dry goods store, received on Thursday night a large stock of white hats, bandanna's and canes, and a hundred and fifty were sold by Friday at 12 o'clock, and the rush for them still continues. Another lot has been received.

Personals.

Mr. J. C. Stedman accompanied the Company to Wilmington.

Mrs. J. B. Broadfoot and her two children have gone to Beaufort.

Miss Florie Smith left Monday to visit Mr. and Mrs. Mallett in Wilmington.

Mr. E. W. Overbaugh, of the Central Hotel, Charlotte, was in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Bidgood and Miss Mary Bidgood left Tuesday for Old Point.

Mr. C. P. Mallett, of Ida, S. C., is on a visit to his children and relatives in this place.

Mrs. W. E. Kyle, who has been spending some time at Mt. Vernon, returned Tuesday.

Misses Fannie Strange and Bessie McNeill left for Wilmington on the special train Tuesday.

Maj. W. S. Cook, of the second Regiment, accompanied the troops to the Encampment.

Rev. J. C. Huske, D. D., Chaplain of the F. I. L. I. accompanied the Company to Wilmington.

Mr. Frank Thornton returned Saturday from New York. His new goods are now being received.

Misses Louine Huske, Rebecca Haigh and Mary McRae left on Tuesday to visit friends in Raleigh.

Mr. Jesse W. Fuller, of Lumber Bridge, was in town on Monday. He looks as if school teaching agreed with him.

Mrs. J. A. Pemberton, Jr. and family left last week for Mt. Airy, which they may possibly make their home.

Miss Lizzie Evans, daughter of Mr. Augustus Evans, of Houston, Texas, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. P. Robertson.

Mr. Frank S. Deming and daughter, of Wilmington, Delaware, were in town this week visiting relatives. Mr. Deming accompanied the F. I. L. I. to the encampment at Wilmington.

Mrs. A. S. Huske and child are spending some time at that pleasant country resort, McFadyen Springs. There were quite a large party of young ladies and gentlemen there last week.

Among the distinguished gentlemen attending the Ratification meeting we noticed the Hon. D. H. McLean, of Harnett, Dan. E. McIver, of Moore, Mr. C. C. Daniels, of the Wilson *Advance*, and there were many others whom we failed to see.

Messrs. J. F. Divine, General Superintendent, B. R. Dunn, Chief Engineer of Roadway, and Messrs. G. B. Newcombe and M. W. Divine, Assistant Road Masters of the Atlantic Coast Line, were here last Friday on a tour of inspection.

Mr. Harry C. Smith, postal clerk between Richmond and Washington, arrived here on Friday evening last. He has passed his third and final examination, and all of them with great credit. He is particularly *an fait* in the postal department.

Judge Jas. C. MacRae left on Saturday to hold court at Newton, Catawba county. This is an extra term for Judge MacRae, and is, we regret to learn, occasioned by the sickness of Judge Gilmer, who has recently been threatened with paralysis. A Judge now under the present system receives no extra compensation for extra work.

We had a pleasant call last week from Dr. J. A. Smith, of Durham, who together with Messrs. F. H. Heartt, Walter M. Busbee, W. J. Exum and T. B. Farthing, of Durham, had just returned from a week's sojourn at White Lake, Bladen. The Doctor, as were all, were delighted with their ten day's sport. They met with wonderful success and return full of fish stories and country yarns.

ENROUTE TO THE ENCAMPMENT.—The special train with the Guilford Grays (36 men) commanded by Capt. R. P. Gray, and the the Forsyth Rifles (28 men) commanded by Capt. W. T. Gray, passed through here Tuesday at 12 M. to the encampment of the State Guard at Wrightsville. They were joined here by the Fayetteville Independent Company (40 men) under the command of Maj. W. F. Campbell. A large crowd of ladies and gentlemen were at the depot to see the boys off. The ranks of the Independent Company will be added to considerably in a few days—by Saturday it will muster over fifty rank and file. At Maxton, the Maxton Guards and Charlotte Company, and perhaps others joined them. The Encampment will attract an immense crowd to Wilmington, and there is no more pleasant resort than Wrightsville Sound.

EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS.—The July examination for teachers of the common schools on account of the repairs going on at the court house was held at the office of the Superintendent, Mr. H. McD. Robinson, on July 13th for whites and 14th for colored. The following applied and were examined:

Whites—Mr. H. M. Warren, 3rd grade, Giles' Mill; Mr. G. H. Clark, 3rd grade, St. Paul's; Mr. J. R. Strickland, 2nd grade, Little River Academy; Mr. James B. Adler man, 1st grade, Hawley's Store; Miss Fannie Watson, 1st grade, Clinton.

Colored—B. H. Henderson and E. J. Campbell, 1st grade, Fayetteville; Lilly Scott, Eliza Henderson and Esther Leach, 2nd grade, Fayetteville. There were three failures.

Our thanks are due to Mr. Wm. M. Monroe for a very fine cabbage, a specimen from his Haymount farm. The weather this spring and summer has been unfavorably to the growth of the cabbage and they are very scarce, which makes his present a very acceptable one.

Mr. Monroe has fine vegetables in market every day.

FIRE.—We regret to learn that the dwelling, kitchen and smoke-house of Mr. W. H. McPherson, about three miles west of town, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday night between 10 and 11 o'clock, and that he was unable to save anything. The fire it is supposed originated from the kitchen.

FREEMAN HANGED.—The Wilmington *Star* in giving an account of the hanging of Stephen Freeman, for rape, thus describes the final scene:

"After a few minutes spent in prayer with Father Burns, Freeman addressed the crowd that pressed around him in the narrow limits of the corridor. He spoke in a defiant tone and in language that was almost blasphemous, declared that he was innocent. "Standing with the rope around my neck," he said "I call on heaven to witness that I know nothing of this crime. I am as innocent as Jesus Christ himself. He prayed, he said, that if he was guilty that God would sink him in the lowest depths of hell. The woman who charged him with this crime, he said, mistook him for some one else, if any such crime was committed. He forgave everybody in the world, prayed that his wife might be taken care of and asked God's blessing on Father Burns and all the people who had stood by him and been kind to him during his trial. He then repeated the Lord's Prayer and the Creed with the priest, and after shaking hands with the persons standing around him, and the shoes had been removed from his feet, said he was ready.

The officers in attendance then placed the black cap over Freeman's head and adjusted that and the fatal noose.

Precisely, at twenty-one minutes of twelve o'clock everything being in readiness, the signal was give and Deputy Sheriff Elder pulled the lever. The trap-door fell with a clang and jar that shook the building, and Freeman's body, shot downwards," and thus ended the life of the criminal.

A COMPLIMENT WORTHILY BESTOWED.—A correspondent (S. S. S.) writing from Mt. Airy to the Wilmington *Messenger* thus ends a very pleasant letter:

A word as to President Gray. It only requires proper information of the history of this same road, of the almost insurmountable difficulties he has overcome in his heroic and patriotic efforts, for so many years amid countless obstructions and discouragements, to finish up this gigantic work of building the road, to know that he may be justly regarded as the Napoleon of railroads in North Carolina. And his subordinates and assistants, who have worked nearest with him, and for the road are gentlemen of high culture and thorough-going North Carolinians. It is pleasant to travel over it, and to have business with it officers and agents. No chilling formalities of red tape ceremonies have to be overcome in dealing with them. No repulsive airs are put on by them, but they are all polite, courteous, attentive, kindly and effecient.

RED SPRINGS.—The large number of new steam saw mills completed and in course of construction at Red Springs, and its 12 miles of narrow gauge railroad, has waked up the citizens of that place to its possibilities, and already they are contemplating building a large school house and doing others thing for the improvement of the place.

Mr. K. Lewald, who we thought so comfortably fixed, and whose store presented such a handsome appearance, has removed back to his old stand, which has been entirely remodeled and renewed in every way. He is now at the East end of the "Thornton Block" instead of the western.

The President and Secretary of the Cumberland Agricultural Society will call on the citizens to-day for contributions and premiums. We hope they may meet with a liberal support.

We call attention to the sale of 47 shares of the Atlantic and N. C. railroad company the property of the Carolina City Co., at Beaufort, on Sept. 3rd.

The Fall Term of Cumberland Court will convene on July 23rd. Judge Shepherd will preside.

To the Public.

MR. EDITOR:—I see in the FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER of last week, some one has used my name as a candidate for the Legislature. Now while I am not insensible to the partiality of my friends, I desire to say at once and emphatically, that I am not a candidate for the Legislature or any other office. I am for the nominees and success of the Democratic party.

So far as I am concerned, as a citizen of Cross Creek Township, believing we should have a Representative on the Legislative ticket, I am for the nomination of my friend, Thos. H. Sutton, Esq., as a member of the lower House. We have tried him, and know he is a true democrat and stands by his party and friends, and that he has made us one of the very best and ablest Representatives we have had in twenty-five years.

Conceding to everyone the right of opinion and choice, I am for Tom Sutton, first, last and all the time.

Respectfully,
W. J. TOLAR.

Items from Seventy First.

[For the Observer.]

Corn looks well; oats mostly cut; cotton looks well also.

Several of our young men will be at the encampment this week at Wilmington.

Mrs. Margaret Ray, aged 70, died near Manly, on July 4th, after many weeks sickness.

Mr. Dan'l Cameron, Jr., of the Bethel neighborhood died July 8th, at the residence of his father, Dan'l Cameron, Sr.

During 4th July celebration at Manly a negro, Sam Dark, shot another negro named Yarboro, but the lead was so tough it only raised a lump.

We visited last week the convict camp east of the river, Col. Hicks informs us that he has about 250 convicts on this end of the line clearing off the right of way and grading.

It was our pleasure last week to visit the farm of Mr. D. A. McDiarmid, and we advise all who say farming does not pay to visit the farm of this energetic farmer and business man.

America still ahead. Dave Blue was attacked last week in the field by five foxes when a lively race ensued. Dave took after a nearly grown fox, and for a while it was "who could and who couldn't," but Dave succeeded in catching him in a fair race. No need of dogs.

The young men's Cleveland and Fowle club met Thursday night and a great many new members enrolled their names. The following are the list of officers: President, W. W. McDougald; 1st Vice, President, J. C. McGougan; 2d D. A. Blue; 3rd W. D. Ray; 4th D. Shaw, Jr.; 5th A. H. Adcox; Secretary, J. N. Gillis; Corresponding Secretary, D B. Currie; Treasurer, D. G. Blue. Executive Committee—A. D. McGill, N. R. Blue, J. G. Shaw, J. A. Gillis and J. A. Graham.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. For sale at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store.

All the Way From Japan.

MR. A. K. HAWKES—Dear Sir: I am much pleased with the pantiscopic glasses you so perfectly adapted to my eyes; with them I am enabled to read, as in my youth, the finest print with the greatest ease. I cheerfully recommend them to the public.

Respectfully, B. B. HUBBARD,
(Ex-Gov. of Texas) Minister to Japan.

All eyes fitted and fit guaranteed by B. E. Sedberry, Fayetteville, N. C.

Every Home Should Have It.

It is not always convenient to call a Physician for every little ailment. Having Red Flag Oil in the house you have a Physician always at hand; it kills Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Burns, Bruises and all aches and pains. Price 25 cents.

There are few things in this life of which we may be certain, but this is one of them. Puritan Cough and Consumption Cure has no equal for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. Price 25 cents. At Pemberton & Prior's Drug Store.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker-Mouth. For sale at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store.

Resolutions of Respect.

WHEREAS, It has pleased our heavenly Father to take to himself our brother and co-laborer in the Lord, EDWIN TURNER MCKETHAN, who died June 10th, aged 48 years, and whereas, in his death we, the surviving members of the Church Session of Fayetteville, have lost a personal friend to whom we were tenderly attached, and brother elder in whom we placed great confidence; the church, a faithful bishop and an earnest consecrated worker, whose life was spent in doing good to the poor and neglected; the community a man of God whose life was an evangel of sympathy to the suffering and of peace and good will to all men. Therefore be it

Resolved 1. That tho' our hearts are sore distressed because we shall see his face no more in the flesh, yet we rejoice in the blessed memory of the faith that he had, and of the good that he did.

2. That we will strive earnestly and prayerfully to profit by his example of self-denial and persistent labor for the Master.

3. That we extend to the bereaved family our heartiest sympathy, for our tears flow with theirs, bidding them to take comfort from the life which our brother lived, and commending them to the Word and Spirit of the God of the fatherless and widow.

4. That a copy of these resolutions be spread on our minutes, a copy be sent to the family, and a copy each to the *N. C. Presbyterian* and the Fayetteville OBSERVER for publication.

By order of Session.
G. G. MYROVER, Clerk.

DIED

MONROE—On July 17th, at the residence of her brother, Jno. W. Nicholson, Mrs. FANNIE A. MONROE. The home of Mrs. Monroe was in Georgia, and she was on a visit to her kinsfolk, and thus while away from her husband, she is suddenly taken. Here was a beautiful character, and death has thus snatched away the loved one of the family.

COBB—At Lumber Bridge, on July 10th, 1888, COL. S. J. COBB, in the 71st year of his age. Col. Cobb has been a prominent citizen of Robeson for many years and was held in high esteem. He was a devoted and consistent member of the Baptist Church and a member of the Masonic fraternity, who turned out in full force to pay a tribute to his memory.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall street, New York.

For sale by A. S. HUSKE & CO.
apl 19 1y

GENERAL FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1888.

N. C. BACON—		FODDER,	80@1.00
Hog Round,	10¼	HIDES—	
Sides,	11½	Flint—good,	9¼
Hams,	12½	Flint—damaged,	5@7
WEST. BULK MEATS—		Dry Salt,	7@8
Sides,	8¼	Green,	3¼
Shoulders,	7¼	IRON—	
WESTERN BACON—		American,	3
Sides,	9	Swedes,	5@6
Hams,	15@16	LARD—	
Shoulders,	8@8½	N. Carolina,	10
BAGGING,	6@	Western,	9@10
BEER—		LEATHER—	
On foot,	3¼	Upper, country,	25@40
Dressed,	5@6	Sole, Hemlock,	25@27
BEESWAX,	18@20	Harness, c'ntry,	25@30
BUTTER—		MOLASSES,	32@45
North Carolina,	20@25	NAILS—	
Northern,	25@35	(10d basis),	2.50
COFFEE—		PORK—	
Java,	30	Fresh,	6½@7
Rio,	16@22	Mess,	(None.)
COTTON YARN,	85@95	POTATOES—	
COTTON TIES,	1.40	Sweet—new,	75@1.00
CHICKENS,	20@30	Irish—old, bus.	(None.)
EGGS,	10	SALT,	90
FLOUR—		SUGARS—	
N. C. Family,	None.)	Coffee,	8
West. Fam.,	5.00@6.50	Granulated,	8½@9
CORN MEAL—	85	SHEETINGS,	7
GRAIN—		SHUCKS,	50
Corn,	@80	TALLOW,	5
Oats,	55	WOOL,	18
Rye,	85	SPIRITS—	
Peas,	80@1.00	Corn Whisky,	1.75@2.00
HAT—		Rye Whisky,	1.75@3.00
N. Carolina,	40@60	Ap. Brandy,	1.75@3.00
Northern,	1 00	Peh Brandy,	1.75@3.00

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market

Corrected by A. E. Rankin & Co.

COTTON—The market opened on Monday of this week at 9¼ cents firm, remaining on Tuesday and yesterday at the same price.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits yesterday 29¼ cents. Rosin was steady, prices ranging from 65 and 90 cents for common.

Crude Turpentine—Hard $1.00, Yellow Dip $1.50, Virgin $2.25.

Wilmington Market.

WILMINGTON, N. C. July 18. 4:00 P. M.

COTTON.—Cotton quiet at 9¼ cents.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market steady at 31¼ cents per gallon.

ROSIN.—The market quoted steady at 70 cents per bbl. for strained and 75 cents for Good Strained.

ATTENTION!

If you want GOOD WORK and LOW PRICES send your

Job Printing

to the new office under the Overbaugh House. Give me a call. THOS. L. GIBSON.
July 19, 1888. 4t



CANE MILLS and EVAPORATORS.

We have in stock fifteen (two and three roller)

CANE MILLS.

One Power Mill; Five Patent Self-Skimming Evaporators; Five Cook's and Five Chattanooga Evaporators; Sheet Copper and Galvanized Iron—all sizes for making Evaporators.

Also Patent Furnaces on Rockers and Legs; Skimmers, Funnels, &c.

See our Special Cash Premium for best Syrup (home-made) exhibited at the next Cumberland County Fair.

McMILLAN BROS.,
july 5 tf FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

A Card to the Public!

I WILL have in market about the 18th or 19th inst., some of my choice varieties of MUSK and WATERMELONS, such as "Nutmeg," "Burpee's Champion" and "Hackensack," and hope to merit my usual share of the patronage of my friends and the public.

Any melons bought of me which do not give perfect satisfaction will, if returned to me, be replaced by others or money refunded. Respectfully,
July 29, 1888 2t HENRY COLLINS.

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad Stock for Sale.

I WILL sell for cash, at the Court House in Beaufort, on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 3rd, 1888, at 12 M.,

47 SHARES

of the capital stock of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad, belonging to the Carolina City Company.

JOHN D. DAVIS,
Receiver of the Carolina City Company.
Beaufort, N. C., July 19, 1888. 5t

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA,
CHAPEL HILL, N. C.

THE next session begins AUGUST 30th. Tuition reduced to $30 a half year. Poor students may give notes. Faculty of fifteen teachers. Three full courses of study, leading to degrees. Three short courses for the training of business men, teachers, physicians, and pharmacists. Law school fully equipped. Write for Catalogue to

HON. KEMP P. BATTLE,
July 19, 1888 1t President.

K. LEWALD

IS BACK AT HIS

OLD STAND

IN THE

Thornton Block

and invites his numerous customers and the public generally to give him a call.

His stock has been thoroughly replenished, and he can say that he has

NEW GOODS

AND A

NEW STORE.

Come, give me a call, examine for yourself and see what an immense line of

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS, SHOES,

HATS, CAPS

—AND—

BLANK BOOKS

Of Every Description,

AND CHEAPER THAN EVER

my entire stock at

OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC BEFORE,

—AT—

A. J. PEMBERTON & CO.'S

New Bookstore.
June 21, 1888.

FRESH TURNIP SEED.

A Full Variety.

JUST RECEIVED.

H. R. HORNE.
July 12, 1888. tf

House and Lot for Sale.

THE HOUSE AND LOT ON HAYMOUNT next Mrs. U. C. Myrover, occupied by Miss Mary Weeks, is offered for sale. For terms, &c., apply to
may 31 tf C. W. BROADFOOT.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE BANK OF FAYETTEVILLE,

AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

In the County of Cumberland at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1888.

RESOURCES.

Loans on Real Estate,	$ 2,200 00
All other Loans and Discounts,	361,821 63
Overdrafts,	1,799 77
Due from Banks,	19,669 18
Banking House,	6,000 00
Furniture and Fixtures,	2,000 00
Current Expenses,	3,728 89
Cash Items,	2,998 76
Gold Coin $3,425.00, Silver Coin $6,279.80,	9,704 80
National Bank Notes,	3,525 00
United States Notes,	8,500 00
Total,	$421,908 74

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock paid in,	$233,189 00
Undivided profits,	17,526 60
Deposits subject to check,	74,438 90
Due to Banks,	47,278 29
Notes and bills re-discounted,	25,000 00
Time certificates of deposit,	4,564 87
Total,	$421,908 74

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND. }

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of July, 1888. GEO. G. MYROVER,
Notary Public.

I, John C. Haigh, Jr., Cashier of the Bank of Fayetteville, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief JOHN C. HAIGH, JR.,
Cashier.

CORRECT—Attest:
JOHN D. WILLIAMS,
A. A. McKETHAN, JR.,
H. W. LILLY,
Directors.

FRESH TURNIP SEED.

Best Results from Fresh Seeds.

We do not mix any of last year's Turnip Seed with this year's new crop seed and sell them for new. Every single seed sold by us is perfectly fresh and direct from the growers.

New Crop of 1888.

At

PEMBERTON & PRIOR'S,

Druggists and Seedsmen.
July 19 tf

Just Received,

Ledgers, Day,

MEMORANDA

—AND—

BLANK BOOKS

Of Every Description,

—AT—

A. J. PEMBERTON & CO.'S

New Bookstore.
June 21, 1888.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

Parties desiring to invest in

REAL ESTATE,

or who have property for sale, will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned. He has now in his possession several valuable pieces of real estate for sale.

Any information wanted will be given by him and terms made easy.

J. M. BROWN,
may 3 6m Real Estate Agent.

For Sale.

A lot of old newspapers. Inquire at the OBSERVER OFFICE.

WHEN WIFE'S A-GO'N' AWAY.

[L. B. Cake in Omaha World.]

Somehow yarns around the grocery
Ain't so funny as before,
An' I'm all the time forgettin'
This or that 'ere little chore;
When I git out in the kitchen,
Want to hang around an' stay;
Guess I'm foolish cause this ev'nin',
Why—my wife's a-go'n' away.

She's a-fixin' things up for me
With a thoughtful, lovin' care,
Tellin' me that somethin's here,
An' somethin' else is over there;
Lookin' sober, speakin' low voiced,
Though she hasn't much to say;
Ketch her eyes on me all dim like—
Guess she hates to go away.

Wish 'twas over—wish 'twas way off—
Wish we didn't have to part;
That's jist what I keep a thinkin',
An' afeelin' in my heart.
P'raps our speerits see much furder
Than the partin' of to-day,
An' jest hint what they can't tell us,
When a loved one's go'n' away.

Calls to mind another journey,
By an' by we all must go.
Wonder who's a gettin' ready
For the train that moves so slow?
Brings the tears to think about it.
So I git nigh her an' pray
It may be my time for startin',
Jest when she's a go'n' away.

AGRICULTURAL.

When to Cut Grass.

[D. T. Moore, in the Independent.]

The practice of most good farmers is to cut grass early, as soon as it is in bloom. The quality of the hay is not only better, but by starting early there is more time for cutting, curing and securing. In summing up the results of analysis of all the cultivated grasses, the analytical chemist of the Agricultural Bureau says it is apparent that in most cases the time of bloom or thereabouts is the fittest for cutting in order to obtain the most nourishment and largest relatively profitable crops, and for the following reasons:

The amount of water has diminished and the shrinkage will, therefore, be less. The weight of the crop will be largest in proportion to the nutritive value of its constituents. The amount of nitrogen not present as albuminoids will be at its lowest point; fibre will not be so excessive as to prevent digestion, and the nutritive ratio will be more advantageous. If cut earlier the shrinkage is larger, although the fibre is less and the albumen a little larger. The palitability may be increased, but the total nutriments to the acre will not be so large and the nutritive ratio will be more abnormal. The disadvantages are evident in the increase of fibre, destroying the digestibility of the nutriments and the falling off of the albumen by conversion into amides. This is not made up by the largest crop cut.

To hay-making readers of the *Independent* we would also commend this bit of timely and sensible advice from the *New England Homestead*. Cut the hay early when light, plough, harrow well, broadcast on what manure you can scrape up (or any good fertilizer will pay) and plant to fodder-corn or millet. Both crops will be off for fall seeding, when the manure made through the summer comes into good use. This is the best way to treat fields that are nearly ruined by the drouth of former seasons, unless you have manure and time enough to grow a hoed crop.

A Labor-Saving Invention.

The plague of cotton planters in the Mississippi Valley since the war has been the army worms; and the only defense thus far yielding any measure of success is Paris green. Dusted upon the leaves by the clumsy means of a darky astride of a mule, shaking the stuff from a bag at the end of a stick, the poison saved a considerable portion of the crop that would otherwise have been sacrificed to the appetite of the caterpillar; but the process was slow and not without risk to both darky and mule. Still no better way of distributing the poison appeared. A Vicksburg (Miss.) banker has, however, just perfected a machine which seems as simple as it is effective in dusting Paris green over the cotton plants. Consisting of the ordinary framework of a cart, a hopper, a small, but powerful blower, and a forked tube, the poison from the hopper is blown to the right and left, rearward, as the machine traverses the field. It is stated that this machine can thoroughly dust 120 acres of cotton per day, which is sufficiently rapid work to insure the safety of a crop under any ordinary circumstances.

Corn-Fattened Pork.

It is rather hard to disabuse the popular mind of ideas inculcated for generations. In this country everybody has always conceded that pork exclusively corn-fed is best, because it is undoubtedly hardest and firmest. But it is not so good as pork made by feeding barley, oats or wheat, for it has not as large a proportion of lean meat. The corn-fed pork will not fry away and waste as will pork fed on milk, fruit, potato peelings and vegetables. But this firmness is an objection. The hog fed miscellaneously has the sweetest and tenderest meat, and if taste is a criterion in pork, as it is reckoned to be in everything else that is eatable, the fruit-fed and milk-fed pork is certainly best. If greater firmness is desired, it may be had by finishing off the last few weeks of fattening by feeding corn meal, not corn in the ear.

Oil Cake.

If there is one thing more than another which the feeders of beef cattle in Great Britain rely upon in the fattening of their bullocks, it is oil cake or oil cake meal. One cannot take up a paper devoted to the stock interests without encountering this fact on nearly every page. Nor will it do to say that we do not need it because we have corn, for they have corn too just the same as we have, for it costs but a very few cents per bushel to carry it across the Atlantic, much less indeed than it does to carry it from the Missouri to the seaboard. If they, with all their experience in feeding, find cottonseed cake or linseed cake a profitable feed, is it not time that our own farmers were using it too? As it is, 90 per cent. of all that is produced in this country, goes abroad.

When cows refuse good hay there is something wrong. Most probably they have been overfed. The remedy is to cut the hay with a fodder cutter, the cost of which will be repaid by the saving in one year, and wet it and mix bran with it; about two quarts for each cow, adding a small handful of salt. Give no more than the cow will eat clean, and as the appetite returns increase the ration.

Learn how to make first-class butter and you can easily get first-class prices.

STATE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The report of the committee on PLATFORM was here read by J. P. Caldwell, Esq., of Statesville, and enthusiastically adopted. It was as follows:

We again congratulate the people of North Carolina on the continued enjoyment of peace, good government and general prosperity under Democratic administration of the affairs of the State which has now been unbroken for so many years; upon the just and impartial enforcement of the law; upon the increasing efficiency of the law; upon the increasing efficiency of our common school system, and the progress made in popular education; upon the improvement and enterprise manifested in all parts of the State. We again challenge the comparison between this state of things and the outrages, crimes and scandals which attended Republican ascendency in our borders. We pledge ourselves to exert in the future as in the past our best efforts to promote the best interests of the people of all sections of the State. Affirming our adherance to Democratic principles as heretofore enunciated in the platforms of the party, it is hereby

Resolved, That no government has the right to burden its people with taxes beyond the amount required to pay its necessary expenses and gradually extinguish its public debt; and that whenever the revenues, however derived, exceed this amount, they should be reduced, so as to avoid a surplus in the treasury. That any system of taxation which necessitates the payment of a premium of $270 by the government on each $1,000 of its bonds, taken up with the millions that would otherwise lie idle in its vaults, and paid to bondholders who purchased, in many instances, at less than par, is undemocratic, oppressive and iniquitous and should be reformed. The course of our Democratic Representatives in Congress, in their efforts to give relief to the people from burdensome internal revenue and tariff taxation, meets with the approval of the Democratic party of this State and we respectfully recommend that if they find it impossible to give to our people all the relief demanded, they support any just and partial measure presented in Congress that will afford a practical relief from such existing burden.

Resolved, That while the details of the methods by which the constitutional revenue tariff shall be gradually reached are subjects which the representatives of our people at the national capital must be trusted to adjust, we think the customs duties should be levied for the production of public revenue, and the discriminations in their adjustment should be such as will place the highest rates on luxuries and the lowest on the necessaries of life, distribute as equally as possible the unavoidable burdens of taxation, and confer the greatest good on the greatest number.

Resolved, That we, as heretofore, favor, and will never cease to demand, the unconditional abolition of the whole internal revenue system, as a war tax, not to be justified in times of peace; as a grievous burden to our people and a source of annoyance in its practical operations. We call the attention of the people of the State to the hypocritical pretensions of the Republican party in their platforms that they are in favor of the repeal of this onerous system of taxation, enacted by their party, while the Republicans in Congress are taxing their emergencies to obstruct all legislation inaugurated by the representatives of the Democratic party to relieve the people of all or a part of this odious system.

Resolved, That the course of the Democratic party, in furtherance of popular education, is a sufficient guaranty that we favor the education of the people, and we will promote and improve the present educational advantages so far as it can be done without burdening the people by excessive taxation.

Resolved, That, to meet an existing evil, we will accept, for educational purposes, from the Federal government, our *pro rata* share of the surplus in its treasury; *Provided*, that it be disbursed through State agents and the bill for the distribution be free from objectional features.

Resolved, That the United States being one government and ours a national party, we denounce the efforts of the Republicans to force sectional issues in Congress and elsewhere, and to promote dissension and ill-will between the people of the different sections of our common country.

Resolved, That it is due to the people of our eastern counties, who have so cheerfully borne their share of our common burdens, that the present or some equally effective system of country government shall be maintained.

Resolved, That the Democratic party is opposed to any further extension of the "No-fence" law, unless such extension shall have first been authorized by a majority of the qualified voters within the territory to be affected thereby.

Resolved, That the Democratic party has ever been the party of the workingman, and has never fostered monopolies, nor have "trusts" or "combinations" or "pools" ever grown up under laws enacted by it. The contest in this country being between aggregated capital, seeking to crush out all competition, and the individual laborer, the Democratic party is, as it has ever been, against the monopolist and in favor of a just distribution of capital, and demands the enactment of laws that will bear equally upon all.

Resolved, That as all taxation bears most heavily upon the laborer, it is the duty of the legislator, as a direct benefit to the workingman, to keep the expenses of our public institutions at the lowest limit consistent with wise and efficient management. The Democratic party opposes any competition between free and convict labor, but it insists that convicts shall not remain idle at the expense of honest labor.

Resolved, That ours being an agricultural State, it is our duty as well as our pleasure to promote any and all legislation that is best calculated to advance the interests of agriculture; and that in so doing we will most effectually advance the interests of mechanics, manufacturers and laborers.

Resolved, That the Democracy of North Carolina, cordially approve the administration of Hon. Alfred M. Scales as honest patriotic and conservative.

Resolved, That the ability, wisdom, honesty, patriotism, independence, faithfulness to duty and manly courage of President Cleveland have won the admiration of all good men; and the interests of the country demand his re-nomination and his re-election.

Bull-baiting is a new feature of life in Tyrrell county. In the swamps are numbers of large cattle as wild and as fierce as any on the Western plains. Last week a citizen was pursued by a mad bull and forced to take a tree, where he remained for some hours. After escaping he got a company of men and went into the swamps to capture some of the cattle. On three drives they captured sixteen tremendous bulls, some of them mossy with age. It is likely to become a popular sport.—*Ex.*

Minister Jarvis and family are coming home. Their health is not good in Brazil.

Paine's Celery Compound

For The NERVOUS
The DEBILITATED
The AGED.

A NERVE TONIC. Celery and Coca, the prominent ingredients, are the best and safest Nerve Tonics. It strengthens and quiets the nervous system, curing Nervous Weakness, Hysteria, Sleeplessness, &c.

AN ALTERATIVE. It drives out the poisonous humors of the blood purifying and enriching it, and so overcoming those diseases resulting from impure or impoverished blood.

A LAXATIVE. Acting mildly but surely on the bowels it cures habitual constipation, and promotes a regular habit. It strengthens the stomach, and aids digestion.

A DIURETIC. In its composition the best and most active diuretics of the Materia Medica are combined scientifically with other effective remedies for diseases of the kidneys. It can be relied on to give quick relief and speedy cure.

Hundreds of testimonials have been received from persons who have used this remedy with remarkable benefit. Send for circulars, giving full particulars.

Price $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Prop's
BURLINGTON, VT.

jan 19 1y

SALEM HIGH SCHOOL,

(ESTABLISHED 1874.)

Huntley, Sampson County, N. C.

The next Academic year will open on the

FIRST MONDAY IN AUGUST.

The faculty will consist of FIVE TEACHERS, four besides the Principal.

MUSIC DEPARTMENT in seperate building, two pianos, one down stairs for lessons, the other up stairs for practice.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT will be distinct from remainder of school, in a seperate building (old music room) under the charge of a special teacher.

ART DEPARTMENT—Painting and Drawing will be taught by a teacher specially prepared, in every way fitted, and highly competent for the work.

The other Departments will be conducted as usual.

☞ For catalogue or any further information, apply to

MARION BUTLER, Principal.

dec 8 1y

THE TARIFF IS OFF ON

Notions and Fancy Goods.

99 HANDKERCHIEFS FOR ONE DOLLAR.
HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS 5 CENTS.
HOSIERY 8 CENTS PER PAIR—LARGE OR SMALL.
EMBROIDERING SILK 8 CENTS—DOZEN SKEINS.

All Goods Low Down for C. O. D.

M. E. DYE.

June 28, 1888.

FAYETTEVILLE Book and Music Store.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR

BASE BALLS,
MARBLES, TOPS, &C.

YOU WILL FIND AT

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A LARGE STOCK OF

Base Balls and Bats of all styles and prices, from 5c. up.

ALSO SOLID AND HOLLOW RUBBER BALLS! STONE AND GLASS MARBLES! TOPS AND TOP CORD! &C!

AT THE FAYETTEVILLE BOOK AND MUSIC STORE.

McNEILL & CO.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Are Acknowledged LEADERS in Their Line!

They buy in CAR LOAD Lots, from first hands, for Spot Cash, thereby getting the very lowest rates of freight and every possible discount.

A CAR LOAD RED RUST-PROOF OATS,
A CAR LOAD WESTERN MIXED OATS,
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A CAR LOAD **Rock Lime,**

Flour a Specialty.

WE SELL THE FOLLOWING STANDARD BRANDS OF **FERTILIZERS:**

Gibbs & Co's. High-grade Ammoninated Phosphate, Farmers' Friend Guano, Stonewall Guano, Royster's High-grade Acid Phosphate, Long's Prepared Chemicals and Kainit. This is the first year of the Stonewall brand. Try it.

Our Stock of **Farming Implements** Is complete.

Our Light-weight "Boss" Plow is the popular Plow. We have also "No. 4 Boss," "Daisy," "Watt," "No. 2," "Gem," "Stonewall," "Carolina;" all kinds of Castings.

Old Hickory Wagons and Carts.

DAWLOW & COX COTTON PLANTERS.

☞ Come or send for prices.

Wood! Wood!

ONLY 200 CORDS LEFT!

GOOD, DRY FOREST PINE $2.00 Large Lots for less.

—ALSO—

BEST FAMILY FLOUR

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &C.

Goods and Wood delivered FREE.

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jan 19 tf

BIG G Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Big G has given universal satisfaction in the cure of Gonorrhœa and Gleet. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. M'f'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, O. A. J. STONER, M.D., Decatur, Ill. PRICE, $1.00. Trade Mark. Sold by Druggists. PEMBERTON & PRIOR, Agents. may 3

Express Steamboat Co.

THE STEAMER D. MURCHISON,

CAPT. J. C. SMITH,

will, on and after April 1st, leave Fayetteville on

Tuesdays and Fridays at 8 o'clock.

Returning, will leave Wilmington at

2 P. M. Wednesdays and 12 M. Saturdays.

☞ Freight and passenger accommodations first-class.

A. B. WILLIAMS, Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.
WILLIAMS & MURCHISON, Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

mar 24-tf

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Caveats, Re-issues and Trade-Marks secured, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office or before the Courts promptly and carefully attended to.

Upon receipt of MODEL OR SKETCH *of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability* FREE OF CHARGE.

FEES MODERATE, and I make NO CHARGE UNLESS PATENT IS SECURED. Information, advice and special references sent on application.

E. G. LITTELL, Washington, D. C.
Opp. U. S. Patent Office. oct 27 tf

For Sale.

A lot of old newspapers. Inquire at the OBSERVER OFFICE.

PATAPSCO 1866 SUPERLATIVE PATENT C. A. GAMBRILL Mfg. Co. BALTIMORE.

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PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA.

PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.

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OUR PATENT ROLLER FLOURS

Are Manufactured from the CHOICEST WHEAT OBTAINABLE.

Their superiority for UNIFORMITY, STRENGTH and UNAPPROACHABLE FLAVOR has long been acknowledged.

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STANDS UNRIVALLED. Of a RICH, CREAMY COLOR, it makes a bread that will SUIT THE MOST FASTIDIOUS.

☞ Ask your grocer for

PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT,
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BALDWIN FAMILY,
ROLANDO CHOICE PATENT,
ORANGE GROVE EXTRA,
MAPLETON FAMILY.

C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 214 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.

Represented by Mr. B. B. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.

may 10 tf

RALEIGH AND FAYETTEVILLE MARBLE WORKS,

CHAS. A. GOODWIN, PROPRIETOR,

417 AND 419 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Branch House.

Lauder's Old Stand, - - Fayetteville, N. C.

feb 23 1y

WALTER WATSON

—IS—

HEADQUARTERS

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Engine and Saw Mill Supplies,

Rubber Belting,

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Of all kinds, at

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES

ESTIMATES AND CORRECT MEASUREMENTS

Given for

Machinery and Machinery Supplies.

☞ Write for prices.

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oct 13 tf

Seed. LANDRETH'S Seed.

ARE ALWAYS

RELIABLE and FRESH.

Don't buy any others, as LANDRETH'S are the only Seed burned at the end of the Season.

We have just received the largest lot ever brought to this market, and have

Any Variety You Wish,

WHICH WE OFFER AT LOWEST PRICES,

—AT—

T. W. BROADFOOT & CO'S

DRUG STORE.

REMEMBER!

MY MOTTO IS YOU WILL

F. F. F. F. F. F. G's

and PROVISIONS of all kinds, such as Sugar, Coffee, Flour, Bacon, Hams, Breakfast Strips, Corn, Meal, Canned Goods, Pure Butter and Lard, Fruits, Nuts and Whitman's Celebrated Pure Confectioneries.

I have recently returned from the Northern cities, where I made a choice selection of the above goods, and am now prepared to offer to my customers,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

the largest and finest stock of goods I have ever had in my house.

R. T. SCANLIN, Ag't.
No. 51 Person St., Fayetteville, N. C.

P. S. Any girl or boy under ten years of age, who will present in writing at my store the definition of the above motto, without reference for information, will be presented with a package of Whitman's Sweet Vanilla Flavored Chocolate.

apl 19 1y R. T. S., Ag't.

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OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

OFFICE:
North-east corner Market Square.

April 29, 1880. tf

T. A. KLUTZ,

Architect and Superintendent,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

jan 12 tf

A. GARRASON,

DEALER IN

Heavy and Fancy Groceries.

FRENCH AND PLAIN CANDIES,

FRUITS and VEGETABLES,

Tobacco and Cigars,

McLEAN'S VINEGAR.

Carolina Roller Mills

FLOUR AND FEED.

Fine Mountain Beef.

I am daily expecting a large lot of fine Mountain Beef. Parties who wish to make

CORNED BEEF

Will do well to leave their orders.

GOOD BEEF AND FRESH, HOME-MADE SAUSAGE

Always on hand.

I will also buy | I will also buy

HIDES,

And pay the highest market price.

☞ Fresh Beef every day. Call at the Market, on

W. H. TOMLINSON.

oct 20 tf

JAS. D. McNEILL. 1888. S. H. STRANGE

Merchant Mills

NEW YEAR'S GREETING.

After a most prosperous year's run, during which time I have earnestly tried to merit the liberal patronage bestowed upon me, I desire to extend my thanks to the people generally for their consideration.

With the new year MR. S. H. STRANGE associates himself with me in the business, under the firm name of

J. D. McNEILL & CO.,

and we respectfully solicit, not only a continuance, but a more extended trade than ever before, believing that fair dealing, good goods and low prices will enable us to command it.

Respectfully,
J. D. McNEILL & CO.

jan 5 tf

PEMBERTON & PRIOR'S

Poultry Powders

will prevent as well as cure diseases among your chickens, ducks and geese.

WILL MAKE THEM LAY.

Ask for and take no other.

☞ Only 15 cents.

At PEMBERTON & PRIOR'S.

The Southern Guardsman,

WINSTON, N. C.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE GUARD.

Conducted by

WILL X. COLEY,

1st Sergt's Co. A, 2d Reg't N. C. State Guard.

THE GUARDSMAN is endorsed and recommended by the Governor, Adjutant General, Regimental Commanders and all other officers of the Guard. It was officially announced as the Organ of the North Carolina militia in General Orders No. 6, which were issued on May 2d, 1888. All citizen soldiers should subscribe at once. Subscription price, $1.00 per year, in advance. 52 standard books and THE GUARDSMAN one year for only $1.50. Advertising rates, $2.00 per inch. Send for sample copy. Address WILL X. COLEY,

Publisher Southern Guardsman,
Winston, N. C.

may 31

LADIES!

Do Your Own Dyeing at Home with

Peerless Dyes.

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package—40 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by

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jan 12 1y

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Liquors and Wines

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CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

No. 4 Green Street.

dec 1 tf

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ATTORNEY AT LAW

FAYETTEVILLE N. C

☞ Collections a specialty. Prompt attention given to all business.

may 26 1y

E. A. POE,

Manufacturer of BRICK,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Remember, I make the best Brick made in the State.

apl 21 tf

CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY R'Y CO.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE NO. 2.

Taking effect 5.00 A. M., Monday, June 11, 1888.

TRAINS MOVING NORTH.

	No. 1. Passenger and Mail.	Fight & Accom'd'n.
Leave Bennettsville,	6:00 a. m.	1 15 p. m.
Arrive Maxton,	7:05 a. m.	2:10 p. m.
Leave Maxton,	7:15 a. m.	3:35 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	9:10 a. m.	7:15 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	9:15 a. m.	10:00 a. m.
Arrive Sanford,	11:15 a. m.	1:40 p. m.
Leave Sanford,	11:27 a. m.	2:20 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	2:50 p. m.	7:25 p. m.
Leave Greensboro,	3:00 p. m.	10:15 a. m.
Arrive Mt. Airy,	7:15 p. m.	5.15 p. m.

No. 1—dinner at Greensboro.

TRAINS MOVING SOUTH.

	No. 2. Passenger and Mail.	Fight & Accom'd'n.
Leave Mt. Airy,	5:00 a. m.	10:15 a. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	9:25 a. m.	2:40 p. m.
Leave Greensboro,	10:05 a. m.	7:45 p. m.
Arrive Sanford,	1:35 p. m.	2:00 p. m.
Leave Sanford,	1:55 p. m.	2:30 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	4:00 p. m.	5:50 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	4:15 p. m.	6:25 a. m.
Arrive Maxton,	6:15 p. m.	9:50 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	6:25 p. m.	10:15 a. m.
Arrive Bennettsville,	7:30 p. m.	12:15 p. m.

No. 2—breakfast at Germanton.
No. 2—dinner dinner at Sanford.

Factory Branch—Freight and Accommodation.

TRAINS MOVING NORTH.

Leave Millboro..... 7:30 a. m.
Arrive Greensboro..... 9:40 a. m.

TRAINS MOVING SOUTH.

Leave Greensboro..... 3:30 p. m.
Leave Factory Junction..... 4:30 p. m.
Arrive Millboro..... 5:15 p. m.

Passenger and Mail Trains run daily except Sunday.

Freight and Accomodation Train runs from Fayetteville to Bennettsville and return on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; from Fayetteville to Greensboro on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and from Greensboro to Fayetteville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; from Greensboro to Mt. Airy on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and from Mt. Airy to Greensboro on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Trains on Factory Branch run daily except Sunday.

W. E. KYLE, General Passenger Agent.

J. W FRY, General Superintendent.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES.

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated Dec. 27, 1886.	No. 48, Daily.	No. 40, Daily.
Leave Weldon	2 15 P. M.	5 38 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	3 33 "	.....
Arrive Tarboro	4 50 P. M.	.....
Leave Tarboro	11 30 P. M.	.....
Arrive Wilson	4 05 P. M.	6 58 P. M.
Leave Wilson	4 02 "	.....
Arrive Selma	5 40 "	.....
Arrive Fayetteville	7 45 "	.....
Leave Goldsboro	4 54 "	7 40 "
Leave Warsaw	5 54 "	.....
Leave Burgaw	7 00 "	.....
Arrive Wilmington	7 50 "	9 35 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 47, Daily.	No. 43, Daily.
Leave Wilmington	8 50 A. M.	8 50 P. M.
Leave Burgaw	9 34 "	9 50 "
Leave Warsaw	10 37 "	10 57 "
Arrive Goldsboro	11 35 "	11 58 "
Leave Fayetteville	8 30 "	.....
Arrive Selma	10 47 "	.....
Arrive Wilson	11 59 "	.....
Leave Wilson	12 25 P. M.	12 51 A. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	12 40 "	.....
Arrive Tarboro	4 50 P. M.	.....
Leave Tarboro	11 30 A. M.	.....
Arrive Weldon	2 35 P. M.	2 70 A. M.

A Freight and Passenger train on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday leaves Smithfield at 6 a. m. and arrives at Fayetteville at 10 a. m. Leaves Fayetteville at 3:40 p. m.; arrives at Smithfield at 6:50 p. m.

Freight and Passenger Train on Monday, Wednesday and Friday leaves Smithfield at 7:30 a. m. and arrives at Wilson at 10:00 a. m. Leaves Wilson at 3:25 p. m. and arrives at Smithfield at 5:30 p. m.

Passenger Train north from Fayetteville connects with R. & D. R. R. at Selma for Raleigh and Greensboro.

Train on Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Halifax for Scotland Neck at 3.00 P. M. Returning leaves Scotland Neck at 9.30 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., via Albermarle & Raleigh R. R. Daily except Sunday, 6.00 P. M., Sunday 5.00 P. M., arrive Williamston, N. C., 8.10 P. M., 6.40 P. M. Returning leaves Williamston, N. C., Daily except Sunday, 8.00 A. M., Sunday 9.50 A. M., arrive Tarboro, N. C., 10.05 A. M., 11.36 A. M.

Train on Midland, N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., Daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M., arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.00 P. M. Returning leaves Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 A. M., arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.00 A. M.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No. 50. Northbound is No. 51.

Train No. 40 South will stop only at Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No. 47 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

Trains make close connection for all points North via Richmond and Washington.

All Trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

J. R. KENLY, Supt Trans. JOHN F. DIVINE, General Supt

T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.